

# UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2017

Program: B. Tech Electronics (BCT and IOT) Subject (Course): Signal and System Course Code :ELEG 229 No. of page/s: Semester – III Max. Marks : 100 Duration : 3 Hrs

Note- ALL questions are compulsory.

# <u>Section A (4 x 5= 20)</u>

Q1-: What do you mean by system. Explain in detail all types of system?

Q2: What do you understand by region of convergence of laplace transform?

Q3: Differentiate between causal and noncausal system with some example?

Q4- Find the Convolution of the following signals

$$x_1(t) = e^{-2t}u(t); x_2(t) = e^{-4t}u(t);$$

# <u>Section B (10x 4= 40)</u>

Q5- Determine the Laplace transform of an anticausal signal.

$$x(t) = -e^{-at}u(-t)$$

Q6-Asystem has H(w)=  $\frac{jw+1}{(jw+2)(jw+3)}$ . Find the following using Fourier transform

(a) Its impulse response

(b) Its response to the input  $e^{-2t}u(t)$ 

Q7- Find the Fourier Transform of the anticausal sequence

$$x(n) = a^{-n}u(-n-1), |a| < 1$$

Q8- The system that follow have input x(t) or x(n) and output y(t) or y(n). For each system determine whether it is

(i) Memory less (ii )Stable (iii) Causal(iv)Linear

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0, x(t) < 0\\ x(t) + x(t-2), t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

### Section C $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ Attempt any two

Q 9- Design a discrete time LTI system with the property that if the input is

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$$

Then the output is

$$\mathbf{y}(\mathbf{n}) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

- (a) Find the impulse response and frequency response of a discrete time LTI system.
- (b) Find the difference equation relating x(n) and y(n) that characterizes the system.

Q10 - 
$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+2)}$$
 A causal discrete time LTI system is described by  

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n)$$

Where x(n) and y(n) are the input and output of the system, respectively

- (a) Determine the system function H(z) for a causal system function.
- (b) Find the impulse response h(n) of the system.
- (c) Find the step response of the system.

Q11-Determine the unilateral Z- Transform of each of the following sequences.

(a)  

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n} u(3 - n)$$
(b)  

$$x(n) = 2^{n} u(-n) + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n} u(n - 1)$$
(c)

Roll No: -----



# UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Examination, December 2017** 

Program: B. Tech Electronics (BCT and IOT) Subject (Course): Signal and System Course Code :ELEG 229 No. of page/s: Semester – III Max. Marks : 100 Duration : 3 Hrs

**Note-** ALL questions are compulsory.

Q1-: Differentiate between lumped and distributed parameter system?

Q2- Find the fourier series for the periodic signal x(t)=t for  $0 \le t \le 1$  so that it repeats every 1 seconds?

Q3: What do you understand by frequency Spectrum of a signal?

Q4- Find the Fourier Transform of the following periodic signal

 $x(n) = \sin(w_0 n) \text{ with } w_0 = \frac{2\pi}{5}$ 

### **Section B (4 x 10= 40)**

Q5- Determine the Laplace transform and the associated ROC for each of the following function of time.

(a) 
$$g(t) = te^{-2|t|}$$
  
(b)  $x(t) = \delta(3t) + u(3t)$ 

Q6: Determine and sketch the magnitude and phase response of the LTI causal system described by the differential equations

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} - x(t)$$

Q 7-The output y(t) of a causal LTI system is related to the input x(t) by the equation

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 10y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) z(t - \tau) d\tau - x(t)$$
where  $z(t) = e^{-t}u(t) + 3\delta(t)$ 

(a) Find the frequency response H(w) of this system

(b) Determine the impulse response of the system.

Q8- The system is having input x(t) or x(n) and output y(t) or y(n). For given system  $y(t) = x^2$  determine whether it is

- (i) Memory less
- (ii) Stable
- (iii) Causal
- (iv) Linear
- (v) Time invariant

## Section C (2 x 20 = 40) Attempt any Two

Q9- The system function of a causal LTI system is

$$H(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$$

Determine the response Y(t) when the input  $x(t) = e^{-|t|}$ 

(a) Find the inverse transform of the functions

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+2)}$$

 $X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+2)}$ 

$$s^{2}(s+2)$$
 A causal discrete time LTI system is described by

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n)$$

Where x(n) and y(n) are the input and output of the system, respectively (d) Determine the system function H(z) for a causal system function.

- (e) Find the impulse response h(n) of the system.
- (f) Find the step response of the system.

Q11- An LTI system is characterized by the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{3 - 4z^{-1}}{1 - 3.5z^{-1} + 1.5z^{-2}}$$

Specify the ROC of H(z) and determine h(n) for the following conditions:

- (a) The system is causal and unstable
- (b) The system is noncausal and stable
- (c) The system is anticausal and unstable

# UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE