## SET A

## Name: **Enrolment No: UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May2019 Programme Name: B. Tech Avionics Engg** Semester : VIII **Course Name** : Control System Engineering : 03 hrs Time **Course Code** :ELEG 271 Max. Marks: 100 Nos. of page(s) : **Instructions:** SECTION A S. No. All Questions are compulsory. Marks CO Q 1 The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by G(s) = $K/s(s+4)(s^2+s+1)$ . Determine the value of K that will cause sustained oscillations in the 5 **CO2** closed loop system. Also, find the natural frequency of oscillation? Q 2 Comment on the stability and location of poles of the given characteristic equation, 5 **CO3** 1+G(s)H(s)= 2s<sup>6</sup>+5s<sup>5</sup>+3s<sup>4</sup>+6s<sup>3</sup>+5s<sup>2</sup>+6s+1. Draw the block diagram of a closed loop control system showing all necessary Q 3 elements. 5 **CO1** Q 4 Classify the system on various basis and comment. 5 **CO12 SECTION B** Q 5 How many poles are in the right half plane, in the left hale plane and on the *jw* axis for the open loop system? **CO2** 10 $\frac{s^2 + 4s - 3}{s^4 + 4s^3 + 8s^2 + 20s + 15}$ C(s)Obtain the transfer functions for the following systems with state-space models Q6. available as: 10 **CO5** a. $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$ Q7. Explain PID controller along with the block diagram and mathematical equation? What 10 **CO4** are the advantages of PID controller over P, PI and PD controllers?

Q8	For the system as shown in figure the small piston has a face area of 2 in <sup>2</sup> and receives an external force of 10 lb. the large piston has a face area of 20 in <sup>2</sup> . Calculate the force exerted by the large piston?	10	CO1
	SECTION-C	<u> </u>	
Q9.	<ul> <li>Design a closed loop Second order system for an analog voltmeter such that:</li> <li>(a). The pointer of the analog meter will final settles at 5 V after some time.</li> <li>(b). For second cycle the peak overshoot measured as 20%.</li> <li>(c). Time duration between first peak time and 4<sup>th</sup> peak time noticed as 30s.</li> <li>Also determine the output response equations and draw the output and input on same scale.</li> </ul>	20	CO2
Q10	Using the Nyquist criterion ,find the range of K for stability for the system shown in figure? $\frac{R(s) + K}{(s+2)} + C(s) + C($	20	CO3

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S. No.	All Questions are compulsory.	Marks	CO				
Q 1	The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by $G(s)$ K/s(s+4)(s <sup>2</sup> +s+1). Determine the value of K that will cause sustained oscillations in th closed loop system. Also, find the natural frequency of oscillation?		CO1				
Q 2	Comment on the stability and location of poles of the given characteristic equation $1+G(s)H(s)=2s^{6}+5s^{5}+3s^{4}+6s^{3}+5s^{2}+6s+1$ .	n, 5	CO3				
Q 3	Draw the block diagram of a closed loop control system showing all necessary elements.	5	CO2				
Q 4	Classify the system on various basis and comment.	5	CO1				
	SECTION B						
Q 5	(a).Find the break-away points of the root locus defined for G(s)H(s)= K/s(s+4)(s+5)	2					
~~	(b).What will be the value of K so that the closed loop system shown in figure becomes marginally stable? $R \rightarrow K - \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+5)} \sim C$		CO3				
Q6.	A first order closed loop control system is defined by $T(s) = K/(s+2a)$ . If a unit step input is applied, the system response reaches 40 % of its steady state value in 20 sec How much time will it take the response to reach 90% of the steady state value? Plo the curve also?		CO2				
Q7.	The open loop transfer system function of a unity feedback system is $G(s) = K/s(1+Ts)$	.). <b>10</b>	CO2				

	<ul> <li>(a)Find by what factor the gain K be reduced so that the overshoot is reduced by 60% to 50%.</li> <li>(b) Find by what factor the gain K be reduced so that the damping ratio is increased from 0.1 to 0.6</li> </ul>		
Q8	Obtain the transfer functions for the following systems with state-space models available as: a. $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$ ; $y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$	10	CO5
	SECTION-C		
Q9.	<ul> <li>Design a closed loop Second order system for an analog voltmeter such that:</li> <li>(a). The pointer of the analog meter will final settles at 5 V after some time.</li> <li>(b). For second cycle the peak overshoot measured as 20%.</li> <li>(c). Time duration between first peak time and 4<sup>th</sup> peak time noticed as 30s.</li> <li>Also determine the output response equations and draw the output and input on same scale.</li> </ul>	20	CO3
Q10	Let $G(s) = \frac{-K(S+1)^2}{s^2+2S+2}$ With K>0 in figure (a) Find the range of K for closed –loop stability? (b) Sketch the system's root locus? (c) Find the position of the closed –loop poles where K=1 and K=2 ?	20	CO4