Name:

Enrolment No:



: IV

: 03 hrs

Time

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

END Semester Examination, May 2019

Programme Name: B-TECH GSE & GIE Semester **Course Name** : PLANNING & SURVEYING

Course Code : PEGS-2004 Max. Marks: 100

Nos. of page(s) : 3

Instructions: All the questions of section A is compulsory. The Q 3, Q 4 & Q 5 is compulsory from Section B, Attempt i **OR** ii from Q.6. From section C Q.7 is compulsory, Q.8 i, ii,iii OR iv, v, vi C. Wherever necessary do with neat sketches.

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Write a brief note for the following terms: a) Erected eye piece b) Astrolabe c) Line ranger d) Blunder e) Diaphragm	10	CO1
Q 2	Fill in the blanks with suitable answer: i. The closing error in a closed travers is adjusted by	10	CO2
	SECTION B		
Q 3	Distinguish between the following terms: a) Face left & Face right in theodolite d) Cross staff and Optical square b) Prismatic compass and Brunton compass e) Arrows and Pegs c) Internal focusing telescope and external focusing telescope	10	СОЗ

Q 4	Write a short note for the classification of following terms: i) Bearing ii) Meridian iii) Magnetic variation	10	CO4
Q.5	 a) A survey line was measure to be 80m. It was found that there was misalignment and line was 1m off the straight line at the middle. Determine the correct length. b) Describe in brief the application of different type of leveling. 	4+6	CO4 & CO3
Q 6	i) A steel tape of nominal length 20m was used to measure a line AB by suspending it between supports. If the measured was 39.35m when the slope, angle was 2° 45' and the mean length temperature and tension applied were respectively 30° C and 75 N, the standard length of the tape was 20.22m at 40° C and 55 N tension. The tape weighed 0.28 N/m and had a cross sectional area of 1.80mm². Find the correct horizontal length. E= 2x10 ⁵ N/mm² α=1.14x10 ⁻⁵ per°C	10	CO4 & CO5
	 OR ii) Describe in brief the procedure, merit and demerit of different methods of plane table survey. 	10	
	SECTION C		
Q.7	a) Explain in brief the application of theodolite parts with illustration. b) A compass traverse ABCDEA was run anticlockwise and following bearing were taken Line FB BB AB 150°0′ 329°45′ BC 77°30′ 256°0′ CD 41°30′ 222°45′ DE 314°15′ 134°45′ EA 220°15′ 40°15′ Determine the local attraction and correct all the bearings and angles.	9+11	CO5
Q.8	 i) Describe in brief the procedure, advantages and disadvantages of different methods of theodolite survey. ii) The bearing of the lines OA, OB, OC, and OD are 30° 30', 140°15', 220° 45'& 310° 30' respectively. Calculate the angles of ∠AOB, ∠BOC and ∠COD. iii) A metallic tape originally 30m now found to be 30.25m long. A house 50m X 40m to be laid out. What measurement must be made using this tape and what should the diagonal read. 	11+5+4	CO4 CO6 CO5
	OR		

BS	IS	FS	Rise	Fall	НІ	RL		
?					?	?	_	
r	2.457			0.384		?	_	
	?		1.02	0.001		3	7	
3.21		4.45		?	?	?		
?		2.051	?		?	?		
	2.15			1.12		?		
	3.82			?		?		
	?			0.32		?		12+5+3
		3.65	?			150		
building a angles 40 the prolon	a perpendice and 50° regation of C	ular DE 21 espectively CD and dete	5m long is . Determine the $R.F = 1/4$	s set at D. In the the length distance of 40 to read	From E tw h of EF ar DF. centimete	o line EF and EG so thaters. The ler	y line, beyond the nd EG are set out at F and G are on ngth of the scale	
