

Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2019

Course: Engineering Materials

Program: B.Tech APE UP

Course Code: GSEG 393

Semester: VI

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- Instructions: (i) Write complete statements for 'true/ false' and 'fill in the blanks' in your answer sheet.
(ii) Attempt all 'true/false' and 'fill in the blanks' only at a single place in proper sequence.
(iii) Attempt all parts of any question at a single place.
(iv) Do not attempt any question twice.**

SECTION A: 20 Marks

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Write True or False. a. Al_2O_3 is a ceramic. b. Glasses are crystalline silicates containing oxides. c. Molybdenum is refractory metal. d. Low carbon steels contain more than 0.6 wt % of carbon. e. Cast alloys are very ductile.	5	CO1
Q 2	Fill in the blanks: a. Muntz metal is an alloy of _____. b. Crystal structure of Martensite is _____. c. Nitriding is carried out in presence of _____. d. _____ is a natural composite. e. Burger's vector is _____ to dislocation line in edge dislocation.	5	CO1
Q 3	Describe pitting corrosion.	5	CO3
Q 4	Classify ceramic materials. List some applications of refractory ceramics.	5	CO3

SECTION B: 40 marks

Q 5	Differentiate between nitriding and carbonitriding.	8	CO2
Q 6	Rhodium has an FCC crystal structure. If the angle of diffraction from (211) plane occurs at 36.12 degree (first order reflection) when monochromatic X-ray having a wavelength of .0711 nm is used compute interplanar spacing and atomic radius of atom. Atomic weight of the atom is 102.91 g/mol.	8	CO2
Q 7	Compare advantages and disadvantages of using polymers and metals as matrix material.	8	CO3
Q 8	Write monomer unit for polyvinyl chloride. Give its properties and uses.	8	CO1
Q 9	List four properties and common applications of copper alloys. Name two common alloys of copper.	8	CO1

OR

	List four properties of aluminium alloys. Differentiate between designations of cast and wrought aluminium alloys.		
SECTION-C: 40 marks (Attempt either 11 A or 11 B)			
Q 10	Discuss normalizing and annealing process and sketch temperature ranges for both. Sketch completely labelled TTT curve.	10 10	CO2
Q 11	<p>A. (i) Define hardenability and discuss Jominy end quench test.</p> <p>(ii) Using the concept of phase change, construct neat and completely labelled phase diagram for isomorphous system containing elements A and B.</p> <p>(iii) Sketch completely labelled ideal and real cooling curves for pure metals.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>B. (i) Under what necessary cooling conditions martensite can be formed? Discuss the cooling process.</p> <p>(ii) Sketch neat and completely labelled phase diagram for system containing two elements A and B completely soluble in liquid state but have zero solubility after solidification.</p> <p>(iii) Sketch completely labelled true and engineering stress vs strain curve for any ductile metal/alloy.</p>	10 4 6 10 4 6	CO3