Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES **End Semester Examination, December 2018**

Program Time: 0		Semester: III Course Code: CLNL 2016 Max. Marks: 100	
	SECTION A		
S. No.		Marks	СО
Q 1	What is Dividend Payout Ratio?	2	CO3
Q 2	Write down the objectives of Financial Management.	2	CO1
Q 3	"Retained Earnings are not a cost free source of Capital." Explain	3	CO3
Q 4	Define the term Finance Functions.	2	CO1
Q 5	The average settlement period of receivables (days) ratio is normally calculated a average receivables times 365, divided by annual sales.	s <b>1</b>	CO4
	SECTION B		
Q 6	Explain the various theories of Capital Structure.	10	CO4
Q 7	What do you mean by Working Capital? Explain the various types of Working Capital	l. <b>10</b>	CO3
	SECTION-C		
Q 8	A company has 9% irredeemable debt of Rs 5,00,000. The tax rate is 35%. Determine the cost of capital (before tax as well as after tax) assuming the debt is issued:  (i) At Par  (ii) At discount of 5%  (iii) At premium of 10%	e 10	CO3
Q 9	What is Capital Budgeting? Explain the nature, need, importance and significance of capital budgeting?	f 10	CO2
	SECTION-D		
Q 10	Define the Concept of "Cost of Capital". State how you would determine the weighte average cost of capital of a firm?	d 15	CO3
Q 11	What do you understand by Dividend policies? Explain the conflicting theories of dividend.	15	CO4
Q 12	XYZ Ltd. plans to sell 30,000 units next year . The expected cost of goods sold is as follows:	S	

	Particulars	Rs (per unit)		20	CO4
	Raw Material	100			
	Manufacturing expenses	30			
	Selling & financing expenses	20			
	Selling price	200			
	The duration of various stages of the operat follows:	ring cycle is expected to	be as		
	Particulars Particulars	Time			
	Raw Material	2 months			
	Work - in – progress	1 month			
	Finished goods	½ months			
	Debtors	1 month			
req	suming the monthly sales level of 2,500 units equirements if the desired cash balance is 5% quirements.		•		





## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Examination, December 2018** 

Course: Financial Management (Set-2) Course Code: CLNL 2016 Semester: III

Programme: B.COM. LLB (Hons) Taxation Laws 2017

Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

**Instructions: Attempt all the Questions** 

Q 8

	SECTION A		
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What do you mean by cost of Retained Earning?	2	CO3
Q 2	What is Operating Cycle?	2	CO4
Q 3	What do you understand by the term Dividend Decision?	2	CO4

SECTION A

Q 4	(i) Gross working capital means the total of assets. (ii) MM Approach is similar to approach.	2	CO4
Q 5	What is IRR?	2	CO2

**SECTION B** 

Q 6	What do you mean by Financial Management? Explain the nature, scope, importance and objectives of Financial management.	10	CO1
0.7	What do you understand by Dividend policies? Explain the conflicting theories of		

	and objectives of Financial management.		
Q 7	What do you understand by Dividend policies? Explain the conflicting theories of dividend.	10	CO4
	SECTION-C		

	has incurred the following expenses. Under-writing commission 2%, Brokerage 1%, Printing & other expenses Rs 200. Assuming tax rate is 50%. Find out the before tax and after tax cost of debt capital.	10	CO3
Q 9	What do you mean by Cost of Capital? Explain the various types of Cost of Capital.	10	CO3

Shradha Ltd. issued 1,000 8% debentures (perpetual) of Rs 100 each. The company

	SECTION-D		
Q 9	What do you mean by Cost of Capital? Explain the various types of Cost of Capital.	10	CO3
	and after tax cost of debt capital.		

Q 10	Explain the relation between Financial Management and other areas of Management i.e. Cost Accounting, Marketing, Asset Management, Personnel Management, Financial Accounting and Strategic Management.	15	CO1
Q 11	What is Working Capital? Explain the importance of Working capital Management.	15	CO4
Q 12	From the following data, compute the duration of the operating cycle for each of the two years and comment on the the increase/ decrease.	20	CO4

			20	CO4
Stock	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year		

14,000	18,000	
21,000	24,000	
96,000	1,35,000	
1,40,000	1,80,000	
1,60,000	2,00,000	
32,000	50,000	
16,000	18,000	
	21,000 96,000 1,40,000 1,60,000 32,000	21,000     24,000       96,000     1,35,000       1,40,000     1,80,000       1,60,000     2,00,000       32,000     50,000