Name:

**Enrolment No:** 

Course : Energy Business & Energy Policies Programme: LLM-Energy Law Time: 03 hrs.

## Semester: 1 CC:CLEL 7009 Max. Marks: 100

**Instructions:** 

	<b>SECTION - A ( Definitions )</b>		
Q. No.	wr	Marks	CO
1	Define upstream, Mid stream & down stream O&G operations in India?	2	CO1
2	Write short Note on ADB International Tendering & Bidding Processes to create competitive O&G markets	2	CO2
3	Define Geothermal energy & it's prospects in India.	2	CO2
4	Which country in the world is leveraging maximum renewable energy sources & how much in terms of it's overall Energy Basket .	2	CO3
5.	Define the significance of NSG Group for Indian Nuclear Industry and the associated future Challenges	2	CO4
	SECTION B ( short answer question )	L	I
Q	Answer any four of the following five questions .		
6	What is Bio Ethanol . Discuss it's relevance to O&G Business.	5	CO2
7	Describe major Coal types with diagnostic properties	5	C01
8.	Write short Note on Hydro Energy Power issues in India and way forward .	5	CO3
9	Describe the significance of IAEA and it's relevance to India & the world .	5	<b>CO4</b>

10	Write short on Nuclear proliferation ie NPT Treaty.		CO1
		5	
	SECTION-C (descriptive/analytical question)		
Q	Answer any two of the following three questions.		
11	Discuss & Critically Analyse the salient features of Atomic Energy Act 1962 Act .	10	CO3
12	Analyse & elaborate the main features of Renewable Energy Laws 2015 and underlying policy of India and their impact on the renewable industry in India .	10	CO4
	Eveloie the evicing composition and various functions of Atomic Energy Deculatory		
13	Explain the origin, composition and various functions of Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB) of India. Also highlight the main legal framework concerns of the		
10	CAG report of ( 2012-13 )about the working of this body.	10	CO4
	Section D (Case Studies/Application based questions)		
Q	Read the following two para & Answer the underlying Questions . Each question carrys 5 marks.		
14	25 CO3/4	1	1

energy security :			
Achieving energy security whi	ch is needed not only for higher GDP growth but also		
for assuring inclusive growth t	to all her citizens and ensuring environmental security.		
Coal meets not only commerc	ial energy needs but also ensures lesser dependency		
on nearby forest areas for coll	lection of firewood • Coal mining and coal		
consumption are environment	t unfriendly. There are negative social impacts as well,		
such as displacement and lost	livelihoods • Coal usage in India also has impacts		
beyond India. In 2011, though	India's annual per-capita CO2 emissions at 1.6 tons		
was considerably lower than t	he global average of 4.9 tons, India was the world's		
third largest emitter of CO2 w	ith 1,970 million tons. Of this, coal usage contributed		
about 970 million tons, or abo	out 49.24% of India CO2 emissions • India needs coal		
but coal mining and subseque	nt usages of coal has adverse impact on climate which		
may risk various forest types		25	CO2/3
Para Questions :			
	an coal sector globally competitive and thus enhance		
our energy security.			
B. How can we achieve here through proper Coal re	igher GDP growth and inclusive growth in India		
	occurrence of Coal in India along with the recoverable		
	make coal mining & consumption more environmental		
	e & reserves in India , why should we still be importing		
	Are india's recent Coal sector reforms helping in it .		
-	e adverse climatic & environtal impact of coal Industry		

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Fime: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 10 Instructions:			100	
	SI	ECTION A		
Q. No.	Write short notes on the following		Marks	СО
1	Write short note on salient features of O& Production operations ?	G Exploration , Development &	2	C01
2	Define Solar Renewable Energy Generation	n potential of India.	2	CO1
3	Write short note on the Coal Exploration/N	Iining & underlying Societal Issues	2	CO4
4	Explain the key attributes of ADB tenderin	g & bidding process .	2	CO4
5.	Describe Organization set up of India Nucl	ear Industry.	2	CO2
Q	<b>SECTION B</b> ( s Answer any four of the following five que	short answer question )		
6	Write short note on the status of potential		5	CO4
7	Describe the major Coal Occurences in Ind	lia and their properties.	5	CO2
8.	Describe the prime significance of IAEA i	in the Nuclear Energy world.	5	C01
9.	Write short note on recent policy changes in	n Hydropwer sector in India.	5	CO3
10.	Describe the Geothermal Energy potential	in India.	5	CO1

	SECTION-C (descriptive/analytical question)		
Q	Answer any two of the following three questions.		
11	Discuss & Critically Analyse the salient features of Atomic Energy Act 1962 Act . Examin the scope of possible improvements in the appellate tribunal in the Act.	10	CO3
12	Describe & critically Analyse the salient features of Renewable Energy Laws 2015 of India and their impact on renewable industry citing an example	10	CO4
13	Examine & elaborate the Role of Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB) in Regulating the Nuclear Industry of India. Examine the scope of improvement in Technology Upgradation Field of the regulator.	10	CO4
	SECTION-D ( case studies /application based questions )		
Q	Read the Paragraphs & Answer all the para questions.		
14	Case Discussion : Pros & Cons of Coal Industry shaping up in India for it's robust		
	energy security: CO2/CO3		
	Achieving energy security which is needed not only for higher GDP growth but also	30	CO3
	for assuring inclusive growth to all her citizens and ensuring environmental security.		
	Coal meets not only commercial energy needs but also ensures lesser dependency		

	on nearby forest areas for collection of firewood • Coal mining and coal		
	consumption are environment unfriendly. There are negative social impacts as well,		
	such as displacement and lost livelihoods • Coal usage in India also has impacts		
	beyond India. In 2011, though India's annual per-capita CO2 emissions at 1.6 tons		
	was considerably lower than the global average of 4.9 tons, India was the world's		
	third largest emitter of CO2 with 1,970 million tons. Of this, coal usage contributed		
	about 970 million tons, or about 49.24% of India CO2 emissions • India needs coal		
	but coal mining and subsequent usages of coal has adverse impact on climate which		
	may risk various forest types		
	Para Questions :		
	A. How can we make Indian coal sector globally competitive and thus enhance		
	our energy security.		
	B. How can we achieve higher GDP growth and inclusive growth in India		
	through proper Coal resource utilization.		
	C. Explain the geological occurrence of Coal in India along with the recoverable		
	reserves. How can we make coal mining & consumption more environmental		
	D. With vast coal resource & reserves in India, why should we still be importing		
	coal for our Industry. Are india's recent Coal sector reforms helping in it .		
	E. How can we reduce the adverse climatic & environtal impact of coal Industry		
	in India. How does Indian Coal laws support the same .		
15			
15	Critically Analyse the key features of national gas pricing model at in India . Analyse	10	CO1
	the Role of MOPNG in it. What should India do to create more competition in O& G Industry ?	10	CO1
16	Discuss and examine the Civil Nuclear Liability & damage Rules 2011 of India and		
10	their global relevance.	10	CO2