| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| Cours <br> Progra <br> Cours <br> Instru | UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES   <br> End Semester Examination, May 2019   <br> Digital Electronics Semester: I  <br> : BCA Time: 03 hrs  <br> Code: ECEG 2016 Max. Mark  <br>    <br>    | $100$ |  |
| SECTION A |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1 | Differentiate the following <br> (a) Level-triggered and Edge-triggered flip-flops <br> (b) Asynchronous and Synchronous counter | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 2 | Find the Minterms and Maxterms for the following logical expression: $F=A+B \bar{C}+A B \bar{D}+A B C D$ | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3 | State and Prove DeMorgan's theorem. Simplify the following expression using boolean laws: $F=\prime \cdot A(A+B)+(B+A A)\left(A+\dot{B}^{\prime}\right)$ | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 4 | Convert the following: <br> (a) $(2598.675)_{10}$ to hexadecimal <br> (b) $(10010.1011)_{2}$ to decimal <br> (c) $(10111101.01101001)_{2}$ to octal <br> (d) $(465.0647)_{8}$ to Binary | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 5 | Explain the operation of master-slave flip-flop and show how the race around condition is eliminated in it. | 4 | CO3 |
| SECTION B |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | What do you understand by Universal gates? Design and Implement Ex-OR and Ex-NOR gates using NAND gate. | 8 | CO2 |
| Q 7 | Design and implement J-K flip-flop using S-R flip-flop. | 8 | CO3 |
| Q 8 | Simplify the expression $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\Sigma m(0,1,5,6,8,9,13,14)+\mathrm{d}(3,7,15)$ using K-map and implement the result using logic gates. | 8 | CO2 |
| Q 9 | Differentiate weighted \& non-weighted codes with suitable examples. Define even and odd parity code. Convert the following to Gray code and back to their equivalent binary code. <br> (a) 10001110101 <br> (b) 00101101110 | 8 | CO1 |


| Q10 | Design a MOD-3 counter using J-K flip-flop. | 8 | CO3 |
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| SECTION-C |  |  |  |
| Q 11 | (a) Design a combinational circuit that accepts a 4-bit binary number and generates a output binary number equal to the 2 's complement of input number. <br> (b) Implement the following function using $8 \times 1$ Multiplexer $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\Sigma(1,3,4,11,12,13,14,15)$ | [10+10] | CO2 |
| Q 12 | (a) Design a 4-bit synchronous down counter that counts through all states from 1111 down to 0000 . <br> (b) Design a 4-bit Self-correcting Shift Counter using D flip-flop. | [10+10] | CO3 |



|  | (a) $(\mathrm{F} 3 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{C} 2)_{16}=(\mathrm{X})_{10}$ <br> (b) $(2 \mathrm{AC} 5)_{16}=(\mathrm{X})_{8}$ <br> (c) $(0.93)_{10}=(X)_{8}$ <br> (d) $(4057.06)_{8}=(\mathrm{X})_{10}$ |  |  |
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| Q 4 | State and Prove Duality principle. Simplify the following expression using boolean laws: $F=(A+C)\left(A D+A D^{\prime}\right)+A C+C$ | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 5 | Differentiate the following <br> (a) Latch and Flip-Flop <br> (b) Combinational and Sequential circuits | 4 | CO3 |
| SECTION B |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | What do you understand by registers? Discuss with suitable logic diagram all the four configuration SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO of registers. | 8 | CO3 |
| Q 7 | Simplify the expression $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\Pi M(1,3,5,8,9,11,14)+\mathrm{d}(2,7,10)$ using K-map and implement the result using logic gates. | 8 | CO2 |
| Q 8 | What are different types of error detecting and correcting codes. Explain with help of suitable example how the error can be detected and corrected. | 8 | CO1 |
| Q 9 | Design and implement D flip-flop using J-K flip-flop. | 8 | CO3 |
| Q 10 | What do you understand by Universal gates? Design and Implement Ex-OR and Ex-NOR gates using NOR gates. | 8 | CO2 |
| SECTION-C |  |  |  |
| Q 11 | (a) Design a 4-bit Binary code to Gray code converter. <br> (b) Differentiate multiplexer and demultiplexer. Implement the following boolean expression using a 8 X 1 multiplexer. $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\sum(0,1,2,5,6,9,14)$ | [10+10] | CO2 |
| Q 12 | (a) Design a synchronous BCD counter using J-K flip-flops. <br> (b) Design a 4-bit unit distance Up-Down counter using D flip-flops. | [10+10] | CO3 |

