Name	•
------	---

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2019

Course: Security in Cloud
Program: B.Tech CS+CCVT
Course Code: CSIB471
Semester: VIII
Time 03 hrs.
Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read the questions carefully and attempt accordingly

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Choose the correct (or the most suitable) option:	[4]	CO1
	 i. The other day while opening the email, you got an interesting but suspicious message from an organization. The message said that "you've won the lottery" and the company was asking you specific personal and banking details so that they could lodge a large sum of money in your bank account. These emails are a common type of cyber-attack that goes by the name of: A. Phishing B. Spyware C. Spoofing 	•	
	ii. Patching the operating system:A. Fixes problems and makes the operating system more secureB. Improves the working function of the Operating System		
	 iii. What is your perspective about the need for updating the antivirus? A. I have never been a victim of malware. These updates are not relevant to me. B. The antivirus update protects my computer from newly created malware. C. The antivirus updates ensure the correct performance of my computer. 		
	iv. On your personal laptop you have been using some of the same computer programs for years. One of your friends, who is an expert in security, noticed that one of your programs has long been discontinued by the manufacturer. Your friend told you that this old		

	and discontinued software exposes your computer to serious security threats due to integrity problems. Among these threats your friend mentioned A. The Dark Net B. Malicious Software C. Privacy Invasions		
Q2	Choose the correct (or the most suitable) option:		
	 i. Whenever you see an interesting app you want it and your instinct is just to download and install it. However, for ensuring your safety and security it is best to A. Make sure you do not incur hidden costs when downloading an app. B. Check that the app comes from a reputable source. C. Not have too many apps installed, as the use of the smartphone will become difficult. ii. An intruder might install this on a networked computer to collect user ids and passwords from other machines on the network. A. Rootkit B. Token C. Passphrase iii. This type of intrusion relies on the intruder's ability to trick people into breaking normal security procedures. A. Shoulder surfing B. Social engineering C. Hijacking iv. This is a program in which harmful code is contained inside apparently harmless programming or data. A. Snort B. Honey pot C. Trojan horse 	[4]	CO4
Q3	Define Information Security. What are the three pillars of information security?	[4]	CO1
Q4	In PGP, Find the probability that a user with public keys will have at least one duplicate key ID?		CO3
Q5	Find out how many one-to-one affine Caesar ciphers are there for 26 alphabets?		CO3
	SECTION B		
Q6	Enlist three examples for the following with respect to IAM:	[10]	CO2

	i. Authentication		
	ii. Authorization		
	iii. User Management		
	iv. Central User Repository		
Q7	Discuss RSA algorithm with example.	[10]	CO3
Q8	Discuss the core components of AAA? Define each component in short.	[10]	CO1
Q9	Enlist and Explain the Four SSL Protocol.		
	OR	[10]	CO4
	Differentiate between SSL Connection and SSL Session.	[10]	CO4
	SECTION-C		
Q10	A). Create a sample checklist for cloud security assessment (at least 10 questions). [5]		
	B). Identify the framework which is most suitable for the statement "Providing the right people with the right access at the right time". Explain in brief the evolution of the framework identified [10]		CO1, CO2
	C). Enlist with diagram 6 phases of IAM Lifecycle. [5]		
Q11	Consider $a = 0$, $b = 1$ $z = 25$. Encrypt the phrase "defend the east wall of the castle" using affine cipher using the key $(5, 7)$. Also show the decryption.		
	OR		
	Elaborate the significance of modulus in RSA and also in the RSA public-key encryption scheme, each user has a public key, e, and a private key, d. Suppose Bob leaks his private key. Rather than generating a new modulus, he decides to generate a new public and a new private key. Is this safe? justify your answer with valid argument.	[20]	CO3

N	a	m	e	:
1.4	а	ш	C	•

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES **End Semester Examination, May 2019**

Course: Security in Cloud Program: B.Tech CS + CSF **Semester: VIII**

Time 03 hrs.

Course Code: CSIB471 Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read the questions carefully and attempt accordingly

		SECTION .	A		
S. No.				Marks	CO
Q 1	How many one-to-one aff	ine Caesar ciphers are there for	or 26 alphabets?	[4]	CO3
Q2	Choose the correct (or the	most suitable) option:			
	I)This is an encryption/decryption key known only to the party or parties that exchange secret messages.				
	A. Private key	B. Public key	C. Digital Signature		
	II) In password protection, this is a random string of data used to modify a password hash.				
	A. Dongle	B. Salt	C. Bypass	[4]	CO
	III) This is a trial and error method used to decode encrypted data through exhaustive effort rather than employing intellectual strategies.				CO
	A. Cryptanalysis	B. Serendipity	C. Brute Force		
	IV) What is SSL used for?				
	A. Encrypt data as it travels over a network	B. Encrypt files located on a Web server	C. Encrypt digital certificates used to authenticate a Web site		
Q3	1. Match the following	ng:		[4]	CO
		Column A	Column B		

	1 Natural Throat	A Chamical Damaga		
	 Natural Threat Environmental Threat 	A. Chemical Damage B. Power Failure		
	3. Human Threat – Intentional	C. Flood		
	4. Human Threat – Deliberate5. Natural Threat	D. Data entry errorE. Virus Infection		
	6. Environmental Threat			
	6. Environmental Inreat	F. Earthquake		
Q4	What do you understand by defense in depth as stra	ategy?	[4]	CO1
Q5	Identify and explain all types of security goals keep	ping quality of security in mind.	[4]	CO1
	SECTI	ON B		
Q6	management? Explain each with the help of example. OR			
	Define and Explain Incident Response Life Cycle v	•		
Q7	Analyze and explain in detail the format for X.509 Certificate.			CO4
Q8	Find the working of PGP and elaborate the same with the help of an example.			CO3
Q9	Differentiate between chosen cipher text and chosen plain text attack.			CO3
	SECTI	ON-C		
				T
Q10	Explain the life cycle for Identity and Access Management		[20]	CO2
Q11	Discuss Caesar's cipher with the help of example.			
	OR			
	In a RSA cryptosystem a particular A uses two prime numbers $p = 13$ and $q = 17$ to generate her public and private keys. If the public key of A is 35. Then what will be the private key of A.		[20]	CO3