## Set 1:

| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| Cours <br> Progra <br> Course <br> Instru | \left.UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES  <br> End Semester Examination, May 2019 $\right)$ Semester: VI | Semester: VI <br> Time 03 hrs. <br> Max. Marks: 100 |  |
| SECTION A (Attempt all) |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1. | Illustrate Composite Transformation with proper matrix representation? | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 2. | Define the term clipping and explain curve clipping and exterior clipping? | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3. | Justify that Open GL platform independent with proper explanation. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 4. | Differentiate between uniform and non-uniform scaling with proper explanation. | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 5. | Elaborate the concept of Phong Shading with mathematical formulations. | 4 | CO5 |
| SECTION B (Attempt all) |  |  |  |
| Q 6. | a) Windowport is given by $(100,100,300,300)$ \& viewport is given by $(50,50,150,150)$, convert the window port co-ordinate $(200,200)$ to viewport coordinate. In addition, explain the term graphics software standards. | $\begin{gathered} 6+4=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | CO4 |
| Q 7. | a) Explain the properties for B-Spline curve \& Determine 5 points on a Bezier curve for $\Theta$ vertices $B_{0}(1,1), B_{1}(2,3), B_{2}(4,3), B_{3}(3,1)$. <br> OR <br> b) Differentiate between DDA Line and Brasenham Line Drawing algorithm and Implement the DDA line algorithm to draw a line from $(0,0)$ to $(6,7)$ and explain each step. | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5+5=1 \\ 0 \\ \\ 5+5=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO4,C} \\ \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CO} \\ \mathbf{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| Q 8. | Explain rotation about X axis, Y axis and Z axis with respect to 3 D and explain it with proper diagram and matrix format. Also, explain affine transformation with proper matrix representations. | $\begin{gathered} 7+3=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | CO 3 |
| Q 9. | Use Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm to clip line P1 $(70,20)$ and $\mathrm{P} 2(100,10)$ against a lower left hand corner $(10,10)$ and upper right hand corner $(80,40)$ and after clipping to find the intersection point. Also, define CRT with proper diagram. | $\begin{gathered} 6+4=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | CO2 |

## SECTION-C (Attempt all)

| Q 10. | a) A solid tetrahedron is given by position vectors $\mathrm{A}(1,1,1), \mathrm{B}(3,1,1), \mathrm{C}(2,1,3)$ and $\mathrm{D}(2,2,2)$ and a point light source is kept at $\mathrm{P}(2,3,4)$. Using back face detection method, find the surfaces on which the light falls and the surfaces which are to be shadowed. <br> b) The pyramid defined by the coordinates $\mathrm{A}(0,0,0), \mathrm{B}(1,0,0), \mathrm{C}(0,1,0)$ and $\mathrm{D}(0,0,1)$ is rotated 45 deg about the line L that has the direction $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{J}+\mathrm{K}$ and passing through point $\mathrm{C}(0,1,0)$. Find the coordinates of the rotated figure. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{1 0}+\mathbf{1 0} \\ =\mathbf{2 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO5,C} \\ \text { O4,CO } \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ |
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| Q 11. | (a) Explain Color models used in Computer Graphics illumination and explain the term 2D transformation with proper coordinate and matrix representation along with the help of proper diagram. <br> OR <br> (b) Explain the term 3D transformation with proper coordinate and matrix representation along with the help of proper diagram and differentiate between Beizer Curve and B Spline Curve with proper mathematical terms. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{1 0}+\mathbf{1 0} \\ =\mathbf{2 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO} 2, \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CO} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |

Set 2:

| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| Cours <br> Progra <br> Course <br> Instru | \left.UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES  <br> End Semester Examination, May 2019 $\right)$ Semester: VI | Semester: VI <br> Time 03 hrs. <br> Max. Marks: 100 |  |
| SECTION A (Attempt all) |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1. | Illustrate and discuss Reflection and Shearing? | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 2. | Explain the term clipping, also illustrate Weiler Atherton polygon clipping? | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3 . | Justify that Open GL platform independent with proper explanation. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 4. | How to draw a curve using NURBS ? Do explain its advantages. | 4 | CO4 |
| Q 5. | Explain Gouraud and Phong Shading along with their advantages and disadvantage. | 4 | CO5 |
| SECTION B (Attempt all) |  |  |  |
| Q 6. | a) The position vectors for the vertices of a triangular surface are given by $\mathrm{A}(10,0,0) \mathrm{B}(0,10,0), \mathrm{C}(0,0,10)$. A point light source is at $\mathrm{P}(0,0,20)$. Find the intensities at the vertices of the quadrilateral. If the ambient light intensity is 1 and the directional light intensity is 10 .Assume $\mathrm{Ka}=\mathrm{Kd}=0.3$. Neglect any intensity attenuation and specular effect. <br> b) State the differences between Beam Penetration and Shadow Mask method | $\begin{gathered} 7+3=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CO5,C } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ |
| Q 7. | a) Prove that 2 D rotation and scaling commutative if $\mathrm{Sx}=\mathrm{Sy}$ or $\theta=\mathrm{n} \pi$ <br> b) Consider a square $\mathrm{A}(1,0), \mathrm{B}(0,0), \mathrm{C}(0,1), \mathrm{D}(1,1)$ and rotate the square ABCD by 45 degree clockwise about $\mathrm{A}(1,0)$. <br> OR <br> c) State and explain the Z-buffer algorithm and mention the advantage and disadvantages of it. <br> d) Define the term blending function. | $\begin{gathered} 4+6=1 \\ 0 \\ \\ 8+2=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO} 4, \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{O} 1, \mathrm{CO} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Q 8. | a) Construct enough points on the Bezier curve whose control points are $\mathrm{P} 0(4,2), \mathrm{P} 1(8,8), \mathrm{P} 2(16,4)$ to draw an accurate sketch. And answer the followings <br> (i) What is the degree of the curve <br> (ii) What are the co ordinates at $\mathrm{U}=0.5$ <br> b) Illustrate the different types of Knot Vector. | $\begin{gathered} 7+3=1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | CO4 |
| Q 9. | a) State Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm and mention its | $6+4=1$ | CO2,C |


|  | advantages. <br> b) State the differences between concave $\&$ convex polygon with diagram. | 0 | 03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION-C (Attempt all) |  |  |  |
| Q 10. | a) A solid tetrahedron is given by position vectors $\mathrm{A}(1,1,1), \mathrm{B}(3,1,1), \mathrm{C}(2,1,3)$ and $\mathrm{D}(2,2,2)$ and a point light source is kept at $\mathrm{P}(2,3,4)$.Using back face detection method, find the surfaces on which the light falls and the surfaces which are to be shadowed. <br> b) Perform reflection of Unit cube about the xy plane. <br> c) A rectangular parallelepiped is given having length on $x$ axis, $y$ axis and $z$ axis as $3,2,1$ respectively. Perform a rotation by an angle -90 degree about $x$ axis and an angle 90 degree about $y$-axis. | $\begin{gathered} 10+5+ \\ 5=20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{C} \\ \text { O4,CO } \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ |
| Q 11. | a) Explain Color models used in Computer Graphics illumination method and discuss the concepts of Liang Barsky Line clipping. <br> OR <br> b) Differentiate between Beizer Curve and B Spline Curve with proper mathematical terms, and explain the term Reflection through XY,YZ,XZ planes with proper diagram and matrix formulations. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{1 0}+\mathbf{1 0} \\ =\mathbf{2 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CO} 2, \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{O} 3, \mathrm{CO} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |

