Name:

Enrolment No:



Semester: III

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2018

Course: Hazop & Hazan Technique

Programme: M.Tech(HSE) Course Code:HSFS8003

Time: 0		ax. Marks	: 100
Instruct	tions: Please read all instructions carefully SECTION A		
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Explain salient features of MSIHC rules? Also discuss about Accident Investigation process?	4	CO1
Q 2	What are the classification of Petroleum as per Petroleum Act? Also discuss about EPA Compatibility chart for Hazardous chemicals?	4	CO1
Q 3	What do you understand by RBI Matrix?	4	CO4
Q 4	Explain the following terms i) Jet fire ii) Pool fire iii)HAZCHEM Explain the following terms in brief:	4	CO3
	i) AIT ii) SIL iii) Probit iv) ALARP	4	CO1,C O3
	SECTION B		
Q 6	Consider a leak of benzene from 0.63 cm orifice-like hole in a tank at a height of 15 meters. If the pressure in the pipe is 100 psig, how much benzene would be spilled in 90 minutes? The density of benzene is 879 kg/m ³ .	10	CO4,C O1
Q 7	Calculate the Fire and explosion index in a plant storing Acetic acid and Acetyl peroxide. It is given: i) It is an exothermic reaction having input as 1.0(GPH) ii) Operation near or in flammable range take input as 0.8(SPH) Take Base factor as 1.0 and it is given the material factor for Acetic acid is 14 and for Acetyl Peroxide is 40.	10	CO3,C O2
Q 8	Explain qualitative and quantitative risk assessment. Describe the layers of protection analysis with suitable example. OR	10	CO4,C O5

	Top event Top event $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Q 9	What is EIA? Explain the types of EIA. Discuss the procedure for getting Environment clearance for category A projects.	10	CO3,C O4,CO 5
	SECTION-C		
Q 10	A heat exchanger is used to heat flammable, volatile solvents, as shown in the following Figure. The temperature of the outlet stream is measured by a thermocouple, and a controller valve manipulates the amount of steam to the heat exchanger to achieve the desired set point temperature. Take guide words as Flow and temperature only. a. Identify the study nodes of the process. b. Perform a HAZOP study on the intention "hot solvent from heat exchanger." Recommend possible modifications to improve the safety of the process.	20	CO5,C O2,CO 3

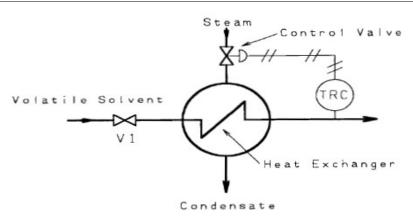


Figure 10-15 Volatile solvent heating system.

OR

Develop the EIP of a chemical having MSDS as stated below

MSDS of Ethyl alcohol

Material safety data sheet product name: Ethyl alcohol (96,1-96,5% vol, 192 proof, food grade) Msds no: 01 effective date: march 3, 2011 exported by: xyz company primary class: 3 ,class name: flammable liquid, ec: 200-578-6, cas: 64-17-5 UN: 1170 no need any emergency document by air transport if ethanol is sample and total is volume under 100ml

Emergency and first aid procedure

INGESTION

- Never give anything by mouth if v ictim is rapidly losing consciousness or is unconscious or convulsing.
- DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
- Have victim drink about 250ml (8fl. oz.) of water to dilute material in stomach.
- If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.
- Seek medical assistance.

SKIN

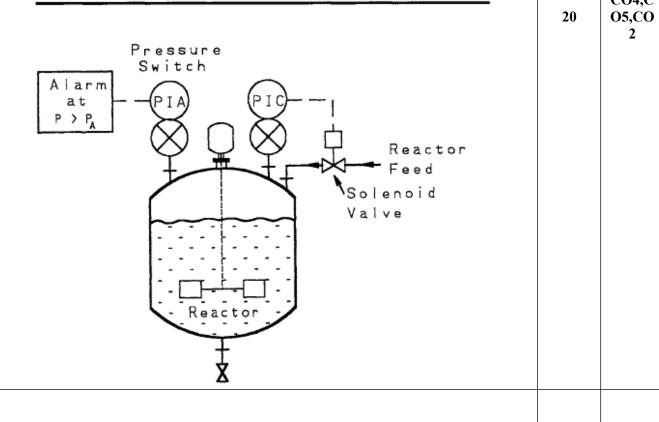
- Flush contaminated area with water for at least 20 minutes.
- Remove contaminated clothing under running water.
- Completely decontaminate clothing before re-use, or discard.
- If irritation occurs seek medical attention. INHALATION
- Remove victim to fresh air.
- Artificial respiration should be given if breathing has stopped and cardiopulmonary resuscitation if heart has stopped.
- Oxygen may be given if necessary.
- Seek medical attention immediately.

EYES

• Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 20 minutes, holding the eyelids open. • Seek medical attention immediately

Q 11	figure. This reactor contains a dangerous reactor pressures. It an alarm light indicator. For ac system is installed. This system system and consists of a pressuline. The automatic system sto	ns in a certain chemical reactor is high-pressure alarm to alert the or consists of a pressure switch with ditional safety an automatic high is activated at a pressure someware switch connected to a solenoise the flow of reactant in the every te, the failure probability, the religion a I-yr period of operation.	perator in the event of hin the reactor connected to a-pressure reactor shutdown what higher than the alarm d valve in the reactor feed ant of dangerous pressures.
	Given	Foilure	Foiluro
		ranure	ranure

Component	Failure rate μ (faults/yr)	Reliability $R=e^{-\mu t}$	Failure probability $P=1-R$	
Pressure switch 1	0.14	0.87	0.13	
Alarm indicator	0.044	0.96	0.04	
3. Pressure switch 2	0.14	0.87	0.13	
Solenoid valve	0.42	0.66	0.34	



CO4,C

Name of Examination (Please tick, symbol is given)	:	MID			END	E	SUPPLE	Н
Name of the School (Please tick, symbol is given)	:	SOE	E	4	socs		SOP	
Programme	:	M.Tech	ı(HSE	(2)				
Semester	:	III						
Name of the Course	:	HAZO	Р & Н	[AZAN	Technique	e		
Course Code	:	HSFS 8	3003					
Name of Question Paper : Akshi l			Akshi Kunwar Singh					
Employee Code	:	40001589						
Mobile & Extension	:	725967	2220					
Note: Please mention addition: Table/Graph Sheet etc. else me						examinati	on such as	
		FOR SI	RE DE	EPART	MENT			
Date of Examination			:					
Time of Examination			:					
No. of Copies (for Print)			:					

Note: - Pl. start your question paper from next page

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Name:	UPES
Enrolment No:	UPE3

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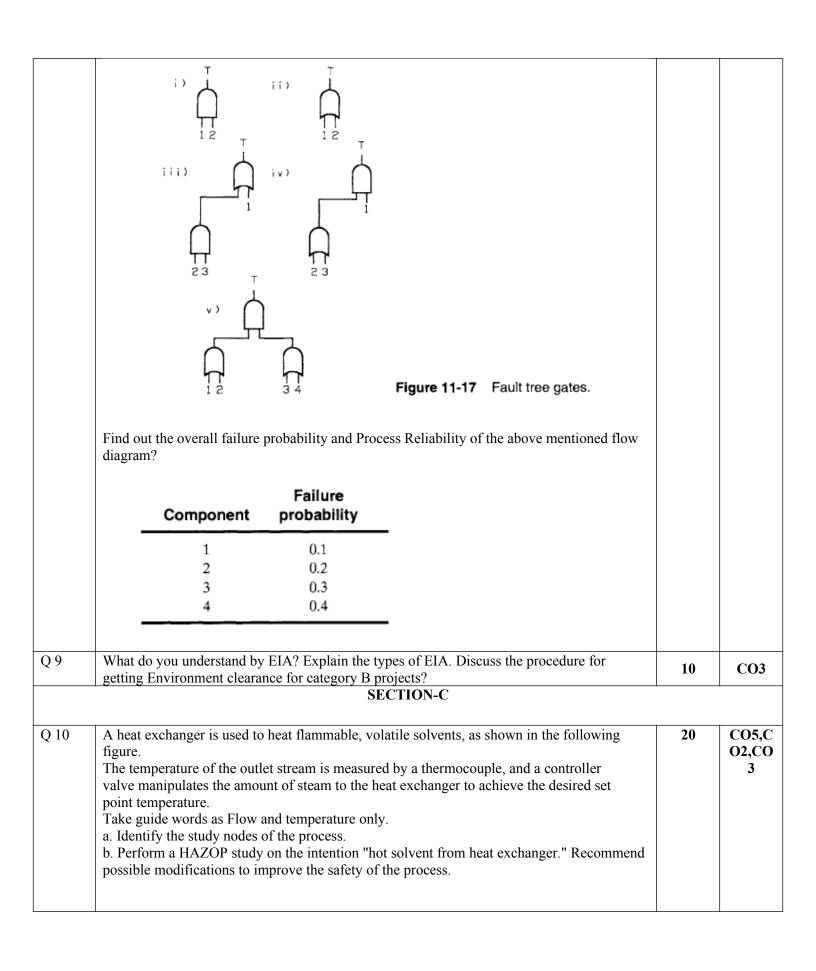
Programme: M.Tech(HSE)

Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Please read all instructions carefully

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	i) AIT ii) SIL iii) Probit iv) ALARP	4	CO1
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Q 4	Explain some salient features of MSIHC rules? Also discuss about Accident Investigation process.	4	CO3
Q 5	Explain the following terms i)Jet fire ii) Pool fire iii)HAZCHEM	4	CO1
	SECTION B		
Q 6	Consider a leak of Toluene from 0.60 cm orifice-like hole in a tank at a height of 15 meters. If the pressure in the pipe is 100 psig, how much benzene would be spilled in 90 minutes? The density of toluene is 867 kg/m ³ .	10	CO4,C O1
Q 7	Explain qualitative and quantitative risk assessment. Describe the layers of protection analysis with suitable example.	10	CO4,C O5
Q 8	Calculate the Fire and explosion index in a plant storing Ethylamine and Fluorine. It is given i) It is an exothermic reaction having input as 1.0(GPH) ii) Operation near or in flammable range take input as 0.7(SPH) Take Base factor as 1.0 and it is given the material factor for Ethylamine is 21 and for Fluorine is 40. OR	10	CO3,C O2



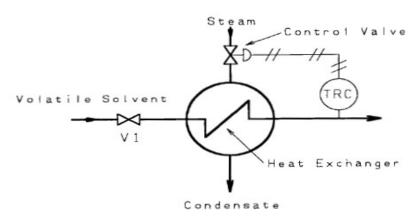


Figure 10-15 Volatile solvent heating system.

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Emergency and first aid procedure

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- Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness or is unconscious or convulsing.
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Q 11	figure. This reactor contains a high- dangerous reactor pressures. It cons an alarm light indicator. For additional system is installed. This system is a system and consists of a pressure system. The automatic system stops the Compute the overall failure rate, the	diagram of the safety systems in a certain chemical reactor is shown in the following gure. This reactor contains a high-pressure alarm to alert the operator in the event of angerous reactor pressures. It consists of a pressure switch within the reactor connected to a alarm light indicator. For additional safety an automatic high-pressure reactor shutdown ystem is installed. This system is activated at a pressure somewhat higher than the alarm ystem and consists of a pressure switch connected to a solenoid valve in the reactor feed ne. The automatic system stops the flow of reactant in the event of dangerous pressures. Compute the overall failure rate, the failure probability, the reliability, and the MTBF for a igh-pressure condition. Assume a I-yr period of operation.					
	Given Component	Failure rate μ (faults/yr)	Reliability $R = e^{-\mu t}$	Failure probability $P=1-R$			
	 Pressure switch 1 Alarm indicator Pressure switch 2 Solenoid valve 	0.14 0.044 0.14 0.42	0.87 0.96 0.87 0.66	0.13 0.04 0.13 0.34		CO4,C	
	Alarm at P > PA		- 4		20	05,CO 2	