## 1) UPES

## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2018

| Program: B.Tech PIE | Semester- VI |
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| Subject (Course): Metal cutting and tool design | Max. Marks :100 |
| Course Code : IPEG 362 | Duration $: 3$ Hrs |
| No. of page/s: 2 |  |

## SECTION A [20 Marks]

Note: Attempt all questions. Be brief and specific.

| S. <br> No. | Content | Mark <br> s | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q1. | Write down the basic principles of design of a single point cutting tool. | 5 | CO3 |
| Q2. | Draw the geometry of a twist drill with proper labelling. | 5 | CO3 |
| Q3. | Differentiate between progressive die and compound die. | 5 | CO4 |
| Q4. | Discuss various types of tool wear mechanisms. | 5 | CO2 |

## SECTION B [40 Marks]

Note: Attempt all questions. Be brief and specific.

| Q5. | For punching a 10 mm circular hole, and cutting a rectangular blank of $50 \times 200 \mathrm{~mm}$ from a sheet of 1 mm thickness (mild steel, shear stress $=$ $240 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ), Calculate, in each case : <br> (i) Size of punch <br> (ii) Size of die <br> (iii) Force required. | 10 | CO4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q6. | Discuss different types of Power presses. | 10 | CO4 |
| Q7. | In an orthogonal cutting operation, the rake angle is $5^{\circ}$, chip thickness before the cut is 0.2 mm and width of cut is 4.0 mm . The chip ratio is 0.4 . Determine <br> (a) The chip thickness after the cut, <br> (b) Shear angle, <br> (c) Friction angle, <br> (d) coefficient of friction, <br> (e) shear strain. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q8. | Write down the assumptions and derive the expression of shear angle by Modified Merchant's theory. <br> Or <br> Write down the assumptions and derive the expression of shear angle by Lee shaffer's theory. | 10 | CO1 |

SECTION C [40 Marks]
Note: Attempt all questions. Be brief and specific.

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\hline Q9. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Explain in detail the following with neat diagrams: \\
a) Universal general -purpose fixture \\
b) Reassemblable fixture. \\
Or \\
a) Special adjustable fixture \\
b) Universal adjustable fixture
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\hline Q10. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
(I) A drilling operation is to be performed with a \(12.7-\mathrm{mm}\) diameter twist drill in a steel work part. The hole is a blind hole at a depth of 60 mm and the point angle is \(118^{\circ}\). The cutting speed is \(25 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) and the feed is \(0.30 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{rev}\). Determine \\
(a) The cutting time to complete the drilling operation, and \\
(b) Metal removal rate during the operation, after the drill bit reaches full diameter. \\
(II) Low carbon steel having a tensile strength of 300 MPa and a shear strength of 220 MPa is cut in a turning operation with a cutting speed of \(3.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}\). The feed is \(0.20 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{rev}\) and the depth of cut is 3.0 mm . The rake angle of the tool is \(5^{\circ}\) in the direction of chip flow. The resulting chip ratio is 0.45 . Using the orthogonal model as an approximation of turning, determine \\
(a) The shear plane angle, \\
(b) Shear force, \\
(c) Cutting force and feed force.
\end{tabular} \& 10

10 \& CO1 <br>
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