## CHAPTER IX

## CHAPTER IX

## EXTRAMURAL SUPPORT FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS BY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

The purpose of the extramural research and development (R\&D) project funding is to build general research capability in the country and provide special encouragement to scientists to pursue a research career. The National Science and Technology Management Information System (NSTMIS) division of the Department of Science and Technology has been maintaining a database on all extramural R\&D projects funded by various Central Government Departments/Agencies as a part of the Management Information System since 1985. The division also brings out annually a directory of extramural R\&D projects approved by various agencies during each financial year.

Almost all the Central S\&T Departments such as Department of Atomic Energy (DAE), Petroleum Conservation Research Association (PCRA), Department of Biotechnology (DBT), Department of Coal (DOC), Ministry of Communication \& Information Technology (MOCIT) formerly Ministry of Information Technology, Ministry of Earth Sciences (MES),Department of Science \& Technology (DST),

Ministry of Environment and Forests (MOEF), Ministry of Water Resources (MOWR), Department of Ayurveda, Yoga \& Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha \& Homeopathy (AYUSH), Ministry of Social Justice \& Empowerment (MOSJE) formerly Ministry of Welfare (MOW), All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), Defence Research and Development Organization (DRDO), Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO), University Grants Commission (UGC) have specified schemes to sponsor R\&D projects. Central Board of Irrigation and Power (CBIP), Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) and Steel Authority of India Ltd (SAIL) have not funded any Extramural Research (EMR) projects during 2003-04 to 2005-06. Central Government Departments/Agencies operate number of EMR Schemes under which they invite time bound projects from individual scientists in Universities/ Colleges, Institutes of National Importance, National Laboratories, state level institutions, Public Sector Undertakings and other registered bodies.


The extramural R\&D funding by Central S\&T departments/agencies has increased at a compound annual growth rate of 22.58 percent during the period 1996-97 to 2005-06. 3569 new projects costing Rs.1163.80 Crores were approved for funding by 19 responding agencies during the year 2005-06, as shown in Table 9.1. This table provides agency-wise information on number of extramural R\&D projects approved and their cost during the years 2003-04, 200405 and 2005-06. It may be noted that the approved cost given in the tables in this chapter is the cost of the newly approved projects for the entire duration of the project period and not the actual expenditure during the year.

It may be worth mentioning here that Department of Science \& Technology provided the highest extramural funding of Rs. 572.11 Crores ( $49.2 \%$ ) followed by Ministry of Communications \& Information Technology and DBT with Rs. 183.85 Crores ( $15.8 \%$ ) and Rs. 174.73 Crores ( $15.0 \%$ ) respectively during 2005-06. The lowest support of Rs. 0.15 Crores for extramural R\&D projects was by the Department of AYUSH. The share of number of projects supported by the Department of Science \&

Technology was also highest ( $36.3 \%$ ) when compared to other sponsoring agencies.

Subject area-wise number of projects and approved cost during 2003-04, 2004-05 and 2005-06 are given in Table 9.2. Amongst the eight subject areas, Biological Sciences, Engineering \& Technology, Medical Sciences and Chemical Sciences were the main recipients of R\&D support during 2005-06. The Biological Sciences received maximum support in terms of number of projects (19.1\%) followed by Engineering \& Technology ( $17.9 \%$ ) where as Medical Sciences received maximum financial support ( $32.0 \%$ ) followed by Engineering \& Technology (29.7\%). This was followed by Earth Sciences with $9.6 \%$ of total funding. The extramural support to Mathematics was the lowest ( $0.6 \%$ ).

The institutions receiving support from the funding agencies have been classified into five categories for convenience of analysis: Universities/Colleges, Deemed Universities, Institutes of National Importance, National Laboratories and other Institutions under State Governments, Voluntary Agencies, Registered Societies etc. (which are not covered in any of the above types).

Table 9.1
AGENCY-WISE SUPPORT TO EXTRAMURAL R\&D PROJECTS
(Rs. Crores)

| Agency | 2003-04 |  | 2004-05 |  | 2005-06 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { Projects } \end{aligned}$ | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost |
| DAE | 87 | 16.33 | 104 | 18.23 | 115 | 19.51 |
| Department of AYUSH | 8 | 1.43 | 8 | 1.35 | 1 | 0.15 |
| DBT | 249 | 60.01 | 201 | 98.41 | 422 | 174.73 |
| DOC | 18 | 16.3 | 8 | 6.17 | 11 | 21.53 |
| DOD | 2 | 0.45 | 6 | 1.24 | 7 | 1.07 |
| DST | 706 | 146.36 | 958 | 251.85 | 1297 | 572.11 |
| DSIR | 9 | 7.44 | 6 | 2.25 | 9 | 8.39 |
| DOSHE | 121 | 13.13 | 170 | 23.46 | NA | NA |
| MOCIT (formerly MIT) | 59 | 50.37 | 45 | 49.85 | 42 | 183.85 |
| MOEF | 67 | 12.35 | 48 | 14.87 | 56 | 23.12 |
| MOP | 25 | 3.67 | 30 | 4.76 | 20 | 3.53 |
| MOSJE (formerly MOW) | 8 | 1.13 | 2 | 0.13 | 5 | 0.72 |
| MOWR | 25 | 7.66 | 3 | 0.34 | 41 | 9.79 |
| PCRA | 12 | 2.06 | 6 | 0.59 | 15 | 1.3 |
| AICTE | 77 | 6.49 | 46 | 4.69 | 138 | 9.83 |
| CSIR | 259 | 25.08 | 200 | 18.98 | 247 | 24.21 |
| DRDO | 93 | 19.52 | 88 | 20.01 | 137 | 30.37 |
| ICAR | 119 | 19.55 | 49 | 12.75 | NA | NA |
| ICMR | 147 | 26.28 | 128 | 17.02 | 207 | 57.29 |
| ISRO | 6 | 0.41 | 75 | 5.68 | 41 | 4.35 |
| UGC | 646 | 11.6 | 568 | 17.87 | 758 | 17.95 |
| Total | 2743 | 447.61 | 2749 | 570.49 | 3569 | 1163.8 |

N.A. - Not available.

Table 9.2
DISTRIBUTION OF EXTRAMURAL R\&D PROJECTS BY BROAD SUBJECT AREAS
(Rs. Crores)

| Subject | 2003-04 |  | 2004-05 |  | 2005-06 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost |
| Agriculture | 274 | 44.53 | 222 | 64.76 | 262 | 65.19 |
| Engineering \& Technology | 531 | 124.35 | 549 | 153.54 | 639 | 345.55 |
| Medical Sciences | 286 | 55.56 | 344 | 126.6 | 565 | 372.84 |
| Biological Sciences | 662 | 67.73 | 567 | 63.29 | 682 | 83.72 |
| Chemical Sciences | 522 | 83.09 | 473 | 82.2 | 516 | 83.64 |
| Earth Sciences | 146 | 32.78 | 271 | 48.36 | 469 | 111.19 |
| Mathematics | 77 | 2.63 | 73 | 3.23 | 94 | 6.71 |
| Physical Sciences | 245 | 36.95 | 250 | 28.52 | 342 | 94.96 |
| Total | 2743 | 447.62 | 2749 | 570.5 | 3569 | 1163.8 |

The pattern of extramural $R \& D$ funding during 2003-04, 2004-05 and 2005-06 based on the above classification is given in Table 9.3. The number of R\&D projects supported to academic sector (comprising Universities/Colleges, Deemed Universities and Institutes of National Importance) has hovered around $72.0 \%$ of the total projects during 2003-06 period.

The national laboratories and the institutions in the 'Others' category accounted for about $17.0 \%$ and $11.0 \%$ of the projects respectively during the same period. The extramural R\&D funding support to the academic sector, however, was not comparable with its share of number of projects. It accounted for $50.0 \%$ of the total funding during 2005-06.

Table 9.3

## DISTRIBUTION OF EXTRAMURAL R\&D PROJECTS BY TYPES OF INSTITUTES

(Rs. Crores)

| Institute Type | 2003-04 |  | 2004-05 |  | 2005-06 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost |
| Universities/Colleges | 1399 | 134.29 | 1347 | 188.26 | 1927 | 267.67 |
| Deemed Universities | 192 | 44.76 | 248 | 39.93 | 214 | 116.38 |
| Institutes of National Importance | 357 | 71.62 | 412 | 85.58 | 428 | 197.85 |
| National Laboratories | 494 | 125.33 | 467 | 17.86 | 607 | 349.14 |
| Others | 301 | 71.62 | 275 | 79.87 | 393 | 232.76 |
| Total | 2743 | 447.62 | 2749 | 570.5 | 3569 | 1163.8 |



Table 9.4

## STATE-WISE SUPPORT TO EXTRAMURAL R\&D PROJECTS

(Rs. Crores)

| State | 2003-04 |  | 2004-05 |  | 2005-06 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost | Number of Projects | Approved Cost |
| Andaman \& Nicobar | 4 | 0.71 | 3 | 0.44 | 1 | 0.07 |
| Andhra Pradesh | 141 | 32.17 | 188 | 56.9 | 209 | 139.33 |
| Arunachal Pradesh | 11 | 0.82 | 14 | 1.93 | 9 | 0.57 |
| Assam | 61 | 7.51 | 70 | 7.06 | 185 | 17.24 |
| Bihar | 9 | 1.42 | 7 | 0.51 | 6 | 0.58 |
| Chandigarh | 51 | 9.38 | 41 | 11.76 | 60 | 15.71 |
| Chhattisgarh | 13 | 1.72 | 9 | 0.69 | 20 | 2.09 |
| Delhi | 238 | 63.07 | 313 | 93.64 | 359 | 129.79 |
| Goa | 21 | 0.97 | 19 | 1.63 | 18 | 2.7 |
| Gujarat | 72 | 7.11 | 69 | 22.63 | 107 | 34.35 |
| Haryana | 50 | 3.89 | 28 | 7.09 | 44 | 7.91 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 33 | 4.61 | 34 | 4.05 | 40 | 7.32 |
| Jammu \& Kashmir | 24 | 3.62 | 13 | 1.41 | 15 | 3.36 |
| Jharkhand | 37 | 17.16 | 20 | 5.21 | 40 | 10.81 |
| Karnataka | 232 | 55.4 | 258 | 62.53 | 326 | 150.9 |
| Kerala | 98 | 15.94 | 103 | 17.77 | 124 | 28.11 |
| Madhya Pradesh | 40 | 6.58 | 46 | 8.37 | 111 | 9.41 |
| Maharashtra | 473 | 48.73 | 363 | 57.55 | 448 | 191.21 |
| Manipur | 15 | 0.9 | 14 | 1.12 | 36 | 2.27 |
| Meghalaya | 6 | 0.51 | 6 | 0.53 | 16 | 2.23 |
| Mizoram | 5 | 0.56 | 1 | 0.06 | 4 | 0.94 |
| Nagaland | 5 | 0.36 | 1 | 0.04 | 5 | 0.62 |
| Orissa | 42 | 7.8 | 35 | 3.46 | 35 | 12.08 |
| Pondicherry | 18 | 5.51 | 17 | 2.27 | 59 | 15.36 |
| Punjab | 69 | 8.12 | 54 | 6.15 | 13 | 1.67 |
| Rajasthan | 48 | 6.27 | 48 | 9.69 | 97 | 13.97 |
| Sikkim | 1 | 0.05 | 2 | 0.37 | 2 | 0.1 |
| Tamil Nadu | 234 | 43.07 | 289 | 48.06 | 372 | 116.41 |
| Tripura | 5 | 1.12 | 4 | 0.32 | 14 | 0.38 |
| Uttar Pradesh | 338 | 35.29 | 314 | 62.67 | 337 | 111.04 |
| Uttarakhand | 99 | 16.32 | 113 | 14.8 | 117 | 41.87 |
| West Bengal | 250 | 40.96 | 253 | 59.81 | 340 | 93.42 |

Note: States and Union Territories not receiving EMR support are not shown in this table.

In addition to extramural mode, R\&D projects are also carried out by the National Laboratories, Universities/Colleges, Public and Private Sector Industries and other research organizations out of the annual grants received by them or their own funds. This is known as in-house or intramural $\mathrm{R} \& D$.

The expenditure on intramural projects constitutes the major component of the national R\&D expenditure. The total national $\mathrm{R} \& \mathrm{D}$ expenditure reported in this document comprises both intramural and extramural R\&D projects. Share of extramural $R \& D$ expenditure in national $R \& D$ expenditure for 2005-06 was $4.0 \%$.

## To sum up, the salient features are as under:

* The extramural R\&D support has reached a level of Rs.1163.80 Crores in 2005-06.
* The Department of Science \& Technology (DST) (49.2\%) and the Ministry of Communications \& Information Technology (MOCIT) (15.8\%) were the two departments playing a major role in extramural R\&D funding.
* R\&D support to the academic sector through extramural projects was $50.0 \%$ during 2005-06.
* Support to National Laboratories was of the order of 30.0\% during 2005-06.
* The share of extramural R\&D funding in total National R\&D expenditure for 2005-06 was 4.0\%.

