


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
<div><div>UPES End Semester Examination, May 2025 Course: Business and Digital Laws Program: MBA DGB Course Code: DIGM8004</div><div>Semester: IV Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100</div></div>			
Instructions: All questions are mandatory			
SECTION A 10Qx2M=20Marks			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Define "electronic record" under the Information Technology Act, 2000	2	CO1
Q 2	Define "contract" as per the Indian Contract Act, 1872.	2	CO1
Q 3	What is the role of the Data Protection Board under the Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023?	2	CO1
Q 4	What is meant by "digital signature" according to the Information Technology Act, 2000?	2	CO1
Q 5	Define "personal data" under the Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023	2	CO1
Q 6	What is a ‘Data Fiduciary’?	2	CO1
Q 7	What does 'purpose limitation' mean under the DPDP Act, 2023?	2	CO1
Q 8	Is the processing of personal data without consent ever allowed? Give examples	2	CO1
Q 9	What is Cyber Terrorism and its punishment under the IT Act?	2	CO1
Q 10	What is a contingent contract?	2	CO1
SECTION B 4Qx5M= 20 Marks			
Q 11	Explain the capacity to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872 and identify who is not competent to enter into a contract. Support your answer with relevant case laws.	5	CO2
Q 12	State the concept of free consent and the circumstances under which consent is not free under the Indian Contract Act,1872.	5	CO2
Q 13	Discuss the legal effect of a minor's agreement under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, with relevant case laws.	5	CO2
Q 14	Elaborate on the importance of cybersecurity in E-Commerce.	5	CO2
SECTION-C 3Qx10M=30 Marks			
Q 15	E-Commerce has transformed modern business by enabling faster, cost-effective, and wider-reaching transactions.	10	CO3

	Analyze the concept of E-Commerce by breaking down its key components and evaluate how each contributes to its advantages in today's business environment		
Q 16	Critically analyze the effectiveness of the legal provisions under the IT Act, 2000, in protecting digital business transactions in India. What are the key challenges in implementing these laws?	10	CO3
Q 17	Explain the concept of consideration under the Indian Contract Act, 1872. Why is consideration important in a contract? Are there any exceptions to the rule 'No consideration, no contract'?	10	CO3
SECTION-D 2Qx15M= 30 Marks			
Q 18	<p>Ravi offers to sell his car to Suman for ₹3,00,000, and Suman accepts the offer. However, after the agreement, Ravi changes his mind and refuses to sell the car. Suman, on the other hand, insists on the contract being honoured.</p> <p>Apply the elements of a valid contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, to this situation. Analyse whether a valid contract has been formed and what legal consequences can arise from Ravi's refusal to perform the contract.</p>	15	CO4
Q 19	<p>Rahul receives an email from an unknown source asking him to click a link and provide his personal banking details to "verify his account." Rahul, trusting the email, clicks the link and enters his bank details. Later, he discovers that a significant amount of money has been withdrawn from his bank account without his authorization.</p> <p>Apply the relevant provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000, to analyse the situation. Identify the cybercrime committed, the legal consequences for the perpetrator, and any actions Rahul can take under the IT Act, 2000.</p>	15	CO4