

Name:

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, May 2025

Course: Exploration methods in G & G

Program: M.Sc. Applied Geology

Course Code PEAG7008

Semester: II

Time : 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

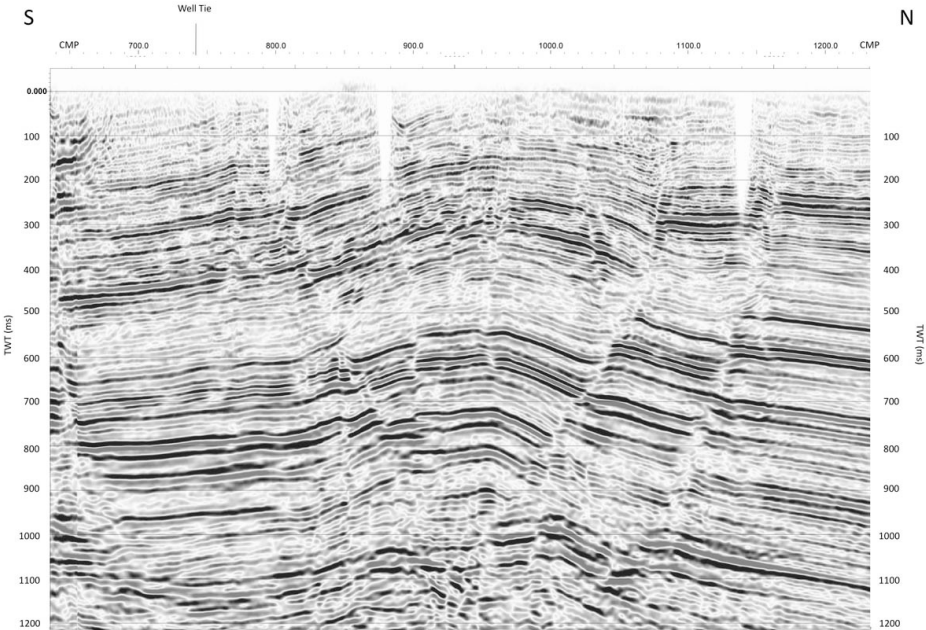
Instructions: Draw appropriate diagrams.

SECTION A
(5Qx4M=20Marks)

S. No.		Marks	CO
1	Define gravity anomalies and explain their significance in geophysical surveys.	4	CO1
2	Differentiate between isopach and structural maps.	4	CO1
3	Define porosity and permeability.	4	CO2
4	List the main instruments used in magnetic surveys.	4	CO2
5	Explain the concept of subsurface mapping and name any two types.	4	CO2

SECTION B
(4Qx10M= 40 Marks)

6	Apply the concept of seismic refraction to determine subsurface layering in a two-layer case.	10	CO3
7	Explain how gravity data reduction improves interpretation of subsurface features.	10	CO2
8	Interpret the following seismic section, and justify.	10	CO4

			
9	<p>(A) Analyze how surface geochemical anomalies and stable isotope signatures (e.g., $\delta^{13}\text{C}$, $\delta^{34}\text{S}$) can be used to distinguish between biogenic and thermogenic sources in mineral exploration.</p> <p>(B) Provide examples where this analysis has been critical in identifying ore-forming processes or hydrocarbon seepage.</p>	7+3=10	CO3
	OR		
9	<p>(A) Elaborate the seismic acquisition techniques. (B) Compare the advantages and limitations of seismic reflection and refraction surveys.</p>	5+5=10	CO3
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
10	Prepare a comprehensive geological field plan for mapping and sampling in a tectonically active region. Include ethical and environmental considerations.	20	CO4
	OR		
10	Draw a process work flow diagram illustrating the geological and geochemical techniques of petroleum exploration. Elaborate each step.	20	CO4
11	<p>Evaluate the source rock potential, kerogen type and maturity of a shale rock with 4 wt. % of TOC releases 0.25mgHC/g Rock free gases, 0.3mgHC/g Rock HC gases and 1.45 mg CO₂/g Rock CO₂ gases at 447°C, 467°C and 560°C temperature respectively.</p> <p>(b) Draw the Van Krevelen diagram and create cross plots to determine the kerogen types.</p>	20	CO4