N	ame:	

**Enrolment No:** 



## **UPES**

## **End Semester Examination, December 2024**

Course: Law & Justice in Globalizing World

**Semester: I** 

Program: LL.M. Time: 03 hrs.
Course Code: CLCC7003 Max. Marks: 100

**Instructions: All questions are compulsory** 

## SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)

S. No.		Marks	CO	
Q 1	Discuss the main tenets of Austin's theory of law.	2	CO1	
Q 2	Which constitutional provisions explicitly ensure access to justice in India?		CO 1	
Q 3	What are three key methods of justice delivery in Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)?	2	CO 1	
Q 4	Explain cultural hybridity in the context of globalization.	2	CO 1	
Q 5	Distinguish restorative justice and retributive justice.	2	CO 2	
	SECTION B			
	(4Qx5M= 20 Marks)			
Q 6	How has technology, such as e-courts, contributed to improving access to justice in India?	5	CO3	
Q 7	What does T.H. Green mean by liberty as a "positive power"?	5	CO 2	
Q 8	Presents the key ethical, legal, and social arguments for and against euthanasia.	5	CO 2	
Q 9	What is the concept of global commons, and how does it relate to the shared resources of the world?	5	CO 2	
SECTION-C (2Qx10M=20 Marks)				

Q 10	What are the core principles of radical feminism, and how does it challenge traditional social structures to address gender inequality and patriarchy?	10	CO4			
Q 11	Distinguish between Humanitarian Interventions and interventions carried out under the Responsibility to Protect (R2P) based on their status in contemporary international law, as well as the actions and measures by which such interventions are carried out.	10	CO 3			
	SECTION-D (2Qx25M=50 Marks)					
Q 12	In the context of global efforts to achieve sustainability, how can the integration of resource management, policy and governance, business practices, environmental applications, technological innovations, and community actions be optimized to address the complex challenges of social inequity?  Analyze this with reference to specific case studies or examples, highlighting the interplay between these domains and the barriers to their effective implementation.	25	CO 4			
Q 13	A developing country is designing its national development strategy. The government plans to focus heavily on industrial growth by investing in large infrastructure projects and export-driven industries. However, this approach diverts resources away from public services like education, healthcare, and rural development, leaving many marginalized communities without access to basic capabilities, such as literacy, health, or the ability to participate in social and political life.  Using the Capabilities Approach to Justice proposed by Amartya Sen critically evaluate whether this strategy promotes justice.	25	CO 4			