


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
<b>UPES</b> <b>End Semester Examination, December 2024</b> <b>Course: GE Module on X Ray and CT</b> <b>Semester : 5<sup>th</sup></b> <b>Program: B.Tech Biomedical Engineering</b> <b>Duration : 3 Hours</b> <b>Course Code: HSBE 3003_3</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Max. Marks: 100</b></span>			
<b>Instructions:</b> Attempt all the questions. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator in permitted.			
S. No.	Section A Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F (20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)	Marks	COs
<b>Q1</b>	What do you mean by tomography?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q2</b>	The dual source CT is advantageous over the single source counterpart at controlled dosage. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q3</b>	The pressure inside the X-ray tube is maintained between $10^{-6} - 10^{-8}$ atm. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q4</b>	Which compartment model gives accurate analysis in a DEXA scan?  (a) 1 compartment (b) 2 compartment (c) 3 compartment (d) 4 compartment	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q5</b>	DEXA utilizes multiple X-Ray beams of different energies. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q6</b>	Which of the following occurs during X-ray-matter interaction?  a. Absorption b. Penetration	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>

	c. Scattering d. All of the above		
<b>Q7</b>	Which of the following is true for X-Rays?  a. they are electromagnetic longitudinal waves b. they are electromagnetic transverse waves c. they are mechanical transverse waves d. they are mechanical longitudinal waves	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q8</b>	Define Z score in a DEXA scan.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q9</b>	DEXA scan gives detailed analysis of bone mass density. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q10</b>	The X-Ray absorption capability of bones is -20 HU. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q11</b>	Pair production occurs during diagnostic imaging process. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q12</b>	Define differential absorption.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q13</b>	Define radiographic opacity.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q14</b>	The focal spot size does not affect diagnostic image quality. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q15</b>	Inherent filtration is sufficient to ensure X-Ray radiation protection. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q16</b>	The percentage of grey matter and white matter in the brain is respectively:  a. 30% and 70% b. 40% and 60% c. 60% and 40% d. none of the above	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q17</b>	Which kind of anode is mostly used in the X-Ray tube?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q18</b>	Define half value layer of X-Ray beam.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q19</b>	The ALARA concept is implemented to ensure radiation protection during diagnostic imaging. Is this statement true or false?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q20</b>	What is the wavelength range of X-Rays?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Section B</b> <b>(4Qx5M=20 Marks)</b>			

<b>Q 1</b>	Describe the process of generation of X-rays with the help of a suitable diagram.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q2</b>	Write a short note on the importance of and type of results obtained from a DEXA scan.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q3</b>	Describe the various detectors which are implemented in CT scan.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q4</b>	Consider a situation where the focal spot film distance (FFD) is 100 cm, which results in X-ray intensity $I_0$ at the detector film. What will be the new X-ray intensity if the FFD is increased to 200 cm?	<b>5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Section C</b> <b>(2Qx15M=30 Marks)</b>			
<b>Q 1</b>	Discuss the various generations of CT scan instrument. Which generation according to you would be suitable for high resolution diagnostic imaging?	<b>12+3 = 15</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q2</b>	(a) Explain coherent and incoherent scattering of X-Rays.  (b) Calculate the maximum Compton shift of an X-Ray photon after it collides with an electron.	<b>10+5 = 15</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Section D</b> <b>(2Qx10M=20 Marks)</b>			
<b>Q 1</b>	Discuss the importance of radiation protection while performing X-Ray imaging.	<b>10</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q2</b>	Explain the operation of a DEXA scan equipment.	<b>10</b>	<b>CO3</b>