

Name:			
Enrolment No:	 UPES UNIVERSITY OF TOMORROW		
<b>UPES</b> <b>End Semester Examination, December 2024</b>			
<b>Course:</b> Mathematics I	<b>Semester : I</b>		
<b>Program:</b> : B.Tech. (Biotech./ BioMed./Food Tech.)	<b>Duration : 3 Hours</b>		
<b>Course Code:</b> MATH1048	<b>Max. Marks: 100</b>		
<b>Instructions:</b>			
<b>I</b>			
S. No.	Section A  <b>Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&amp;F (20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)</b>	Marks	COs
<b>Q 1</b>	List down three areas/domain where Mathematics can be applied in real world?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 2</b>	State the name of the famous mathematician who introduced the term “function”? Please mention the year also?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 3</b>	If $y$ is a function of $x$ then how we write it mathematically?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 4</b>	List the important properties of a mathematical function?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 5</b>	If $y = x^2$ ; $x > 0$ , then what is the range of function?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 6</b>	If $y = f(x)$ is a continuous function, then the graph of $y = f(x)$ will be a smooth function or with graph with breaks? Comment.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 7</b>	Define Left Hand Limit mathematically.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 8</b>	Define Right Hand Limit mathematically.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 9</b>	If $y = x^2$ ; $x > 0$ , then what is the value of $dy/dx$ ?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 10</b>	If $y = 1$ ; $x > 0$ , then what is the value of $dy/dx$ ?	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 11</b>	Evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 x^2 dx$	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 12</b>	Evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 1 dx$	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 13</b>	Define Left Hand Derivative mathematically.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 14</b>	Define Right Hand Derivative mathematically.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 15</b>	Evaluate $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2}$ ; $x \neq 2$ at $x = 2$	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO1</b>

<b>Q 16</b>	If all conditions for Rolle's theorem are verified for the function $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ then find a point c such that $f'(c) = 0$	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q 17</b>	If all conditions for Rolle's theorem are verified for the function $f(x) = x^2 - 2$ then find a point c such that $f'(c) = 0$	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q 18</b>	Define Sequence.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q 19</b>	Define Series.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q 20</b>	Define Power function.	<b>1.5</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**Section B**  
**(4Qx5M=20 Marks)**

<b>Q 1</b>	State one application of Mathematics in Biology. Explain with suitable example.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 2</b>	Evaluate the value of function $f(x) = \frac{x^2-4}{x-2}$ ; $x \neq 2$ at $x = 1$ ?	<b>5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q 3</b>	Statement: "Rolle's Theorem identifies a point of no change in a function". Is it true? Justify the statement.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q 4</b>	Expand power series for function $(1 + x)^m$ with conditions.	<b>5</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**Section C**  
**(2Qx15M=30 Marks)**

<b>Q 1</b>	Verify Rolle's Theorem for the function $y = x^2 + 1$ ; $x \in [a, b]$ where $a = -1$ and $b = 1$ . Explain every step clearly.	<b>15</b>	<b>CO3</b>
<b>Q 2</b>	Find the expansion of following power series.  i) $(1 + x)^{-1}$ ii) $(1 - x)^{-1}$ iii) $(1 + x)^{-2}$	<b>15</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**Section D**  
**(2Qx10M=20 Marks)**

<b>Q 1</b>	Find out the first order differentiation of the following functions.  i) $x^3 + 1$ ; $x > 0$ ii) $3x^3 + 5x + 1$ ; $x > 0$ iii) $\log(x + 1)$ ; $x > 0$ iv) $1/x^3$ ; $x > 0$ v) $1 + e^x$ ; $x > 0$ (2 marks each)	<b>10</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Q 2</b>	Evaluate the following Integrals.  i) $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 1) dx$ ii) $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2} dx$	<b>10</b>	<b>CO2</b>

	iii) $\int_0^1 (e^x + 1) dx$ iv) $\int_0^1 1/x^2 dx$ v) $\int_0^1 1/x dx$ (2 marks each)		
--	--	--	--