


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, December 2024			
Course: Mineralogy & Crystallography Program: M.Sc Applied Geology Course Code: PEAG7002		Semester: I Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions:			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Describe the various types of cleavages present in minerals, citing one example of each.	04	CO1
Q 2	Using a neat diagram illustrates the optical behaviour (with proper labeling and outcome) for an isotropic mineral.	04	CO1
Q 3	i. The distance and angle between two points known as ---- ii. A plane parallel to two axes but cutting the third axis at a length equal to one edge of a unit cell has Miller indices of ---- iii. Number of edges in cube is ---- iv. Three unequal axes at an angle 90 degree represent -----system	04	CO2
Q 4	Explain the general principles of Miller Indices	04	CO2
Q 5	Analyze the superiority of FEG over TIG in SEM.	04	CO4
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6	Using the given set of information, find out the Miller Indices 1. Atom as Origin & it's a 3-coordinate axis 2. The intercepts of the planes along 3 axes given as 3A 2B and 3C.	10	CO2
Q 7	Analyze the suitability of garnet as an abrasive and refractory mineral.	10	CO1
Q 8	Each question carries 02 marks i. Explain Indicatrix ii. Define bi-axial positive mineral iii. Explain transformation twin in minerals iv. Describe the relationship between optic axis and birefringence v. Define retardation in optical microscopy	02*5=10	CO2

Q 9	Analyze the role of plate tectonics in mineralization/ mineral formation. Or Appraise the role of various geological processes in the formation of minerals	10	CO3
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q 10	Summarize the various sedimentary processes responsible for formation of mineral deposit	20	CO3
Q 11	With neat sketch, arrange the components of SEM and their role in image formation Or Path difference plays an important role in image formation in X-Ray diffraction, prove the same	20	CO4