


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, December 2024			
Course: States of Matter and Ionic Equilibria Program: BSc. (H) Chemistry by Research Course Code: CHEM 1029		Semester: I Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: Answer all the questions. Internal choice is given in Q9 and Q11.			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	25.8 litre of a gas has a pressure of 690 torr and temperature of 17 °C. What will be the volume if pressure is changed to 1.85 atm and the temperature to 345 K.	4	CO1
Q 2	Calculate the total kinetic energy of 0.5 mol of an idea gas at 273 K ($R= 8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$) (Avagadro's number $6.023 \times 10^{23}/\text{mol}$).	4	CO1
Q 3	Calculate the volume of 10 moles of methane at 100 atm pressure and 0 °C. At this temperature and pressure, $Z = 0.75$.	4	CO1
Q 4	What do you mean by Miller indices and how is it determined?	4	CO1
Q 5	The dissociation constant of formic acid and acetic acid are $1.77 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol/dm}^3$ and $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/dm}^3$. Calculate the relative strengths of two acid and point out which one is stronger?	4	CO1
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6	Derive the expression for pH of a solution obtained after hydrolysis of salt of weak acid and strong base.	10	CO1
Q 7	(a) Calculate the average kinetic energy of a hydrogen molecule at 0°C. ($R= 8.314 \times 10^7 \text{ erg K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$). (b) Calculate the kinetic energy of two moles of nitrogen at 27 °C. ($R=8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)	5 + 5	CO2
Q 8	Calculate the RMS velocity of chlorine molecules at 12 °C and 78 cm pressure.	10	CO2
Q 9	What pressure is exerted by a mixture of 2.0 gm of H ₂ and 8.0 gm of N ₂ at 273 K in a 10 litre vessel?	10	CO3

	<i>Or</i>		
	The first-order reflections from the 100, 110 and 111 planes of a given cubic crystal (NaCl crystal) were found to occur at angles 5.9° , 8.4° and 5.2° respectively. Determine the type of cubic lattice to which the crystal belongs.		
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q 10	(a) One litre solution containing 0.1 mole of CH_3COOH and 0.1 mole of CH_3COONa provides a buffer of pH 4.74. Calculate the pH of solution after the addition of 0.02 mole NaOH. $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$. (b) At 0°C and 1 atm pressure the molecular diameter of gas is 4\AA . Calculate the mean free path of its molecules.	10 + 10	CO2
Q 11	(a) Derive the mathematical expression of kinetic molecular theory of gases. <i>Or</i> The RMS velocity of hydrogen at STP is $1.85 \times 10^5 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$ and its mean free path is $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$. Calculate the collision number. (b) Calculate the root mean square velocity, average velocity and most probable velocity of sulphur dioxide molecules at 427°C . <i>Or</i> In what way does knowledge of surface tension help in deciding the chemical constitution of the liquid?	10 + 10	CO3