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Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2024

Course: Managing Brands
Program: INT BBA MBA
Time: 1.5 hrs.
Course Code: MKTG 8004
Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Please answer all questions.

SECTION A 10Qx2M=20Marks

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	In Keller's CBBE model, brand salience primarily addresses:		
-	(a) Brand loyalty		
	(b) Brand recognition	2	CO2
	(c) Brand resonance		
	(d) Brand equity		
Q2	Which metric is commonly used to measure brand loyalty?		
	(a) Net Promoter Score (NPS)		
	(b) Customer Acquisition Cost	2	CO4
	(c) Brand Recall Rate		
	(d) Engagement Rate		
Q3	The brand resonance pyramid suggests that a successful brand must first		
	achieve:		
	(a) Customer loyalty	2	CO2
	(b) Brand loyalty	2	
	(c) Brand awareness		
	(d) Customer equity		
Q4	Points of Difference (POD) in a brand positioning strategy help in:		
	(a) Meeting customer expectations		
	(b) Differentiating from competitors	2	CO3
	(c) Building brand equity		
	(d) Identifying market segments		
Q5	Brand equity refers to:		
	(a) The tangible assets of a brand		
	(b) The value a brand adds to a product or service	2	CO2
	(c) The logo and tagline of a brand		
	(d) Market share and profitability		
Q6	A brand that focuses on building emotional connections with consumers		
	prioritizes:		
	(a) Brand equity	2	CO1
	(b) Brand loyalty		
	(c) Brand personality		
	(d) Brand salience		

Q7	Which of the following best defines a brand community?		
Q7	(a) A group of customers who only purchase a specific brand		
	(b) A community with similar values as a brand	2	CO1
	(c) Loyal customers who engage actively with the brand		
	(d) None of the above		
Q8	The purpose of segmentation in brand strategy is to:		
	(a) Differentiate from competitors		
	(b) Identify and target specific consumer groups	2	CO3
	(c) Build a brand community		
00	(d) Set brand positioning		
Q 9	A successful brand extension strategy involves:		
	(a) Launching new products in unrelated categories (b) Using existing brand equity to introduce new products 2		
	(c) Rebranding products to target a younger audience	·	
	(d) Positioning products for better brand recall		
Q10	Sales promotions are typically used in branding to:		
Q10	(a) Build brand loyalty		
	(b) Increase brand awareness	2	CO4
	(c) Drive short-term sales		
	(d) Increase engagement		
	SECTION B		
	4Qx5M= 20 Marks		
Q 11	Explain the importance of brand loyalty in establishing long-term consumer	5	CO1
0.1.0	relationships, using ONE example of a successful Indian brand.		
Q12	Discuss the role of consumer segmentation in brand positioning. How does it	5	CO3
012	impact a brand's ability to communicate effectively? Discuss the concept of brand equity and how it affects a brand's performance		
Q13	and market value, with ONE example from the FMCG sector in India.	5	CO3
Q14	What are Points of Parity (POP) and Points of Difference (POD) in positioning		
QTI	strategy, and how do they influence brand perception? Provide TWO examples	5	CO3
	from competitive brands in the Indian market.		
	SECTION-C		I
	3Qx10M=30 Marks		
Q15	Evaluate the importance of brand associations in shaping consumer		CO1,
	perceptions. Explain how Tata Group builds brand associations across	10	CO2
	diverse sectors in India.		
Q16	Discuss the Brand Value Chain and its stages, illustrating how an		CO2,
	organization like Hindustan Unilever could use it to assess the impact of	10	CO2,
	marketing investments on brand performance.		
Q18	Explain the steps involved in creating a brand positioning strategy for a		CO3,
	new product. As a hypothetical example, suggest a brand positioning	10	CO4
	strategy for a mobile phone targeting Indian rural consumers.		
	SECTION-D		
Case	2Qx15M= 30 Marks Case Study: An Indian mobile phone brand, REDCELL, has recently		
study	entered the market with affordable, quality products. Their key focus is to		
study	chered the market with arrordable, quality products. Then key focus is to		

	build brand equity and gain market share among younger consumers in urban and semi-urban areas. The brand is considering a marketing communication strategy that combines digital media, influencer marketing, and targeted promotions to create strong brand associations and foster loyalty.		
Q19	Case Question 1: Analyze the steps REDCELL should take in the strategic brand management process to create strong brand equity. Address key principles like positioning, POPs and PODs, brand communication, and customer loyalty.	15	CO3, CO4
Q20	Case Question 2: Propose a branding strategy that will appeal to the young, digitally connected Indian consumer. Evaluate potential challenges and suggest how REDCELL could measure the effectiveness of this strategy.	15	CO1, CO3, CO4