Name:

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, May 2024

Course: Law of Telecommunications

Program: BTech LLB CSE Cyber Laws

Course Code: CLCB5011

Semester: X

Time : 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What is the primary legislation governing telecommunications in India?	2	CO1
Q 2	Who is responsible for regulating telecommunications services in India?	2	CO1
Q 3	Why is telecommunications important from the perspective of national security	2	CO1
Q 4	What is the role of Department of Telecommunications?	2	CO2
Q 5	What is the full form of ITU?	2	CO2
	SECTION B		1
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 6	What are some of the key problem areas in the sector of Indian Telecommunications?	5	CO3
Q 7	Is it possible for the Central government to prescribe any standards of equipment for the telecommunications and cable television? If so under which laws?	5	CO2
Q 8	Analyse the situation Competition law can come into play in the Telecommunications sector.	5	C02
Q 9	In the era of Information Technology Act 2000, is the Indian Telegraph Act still relevant?	5	C03
	SECTION-C (2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q 10	Discuss any two cases involving Telecom Regulatory Authority of India as a petitioner.	10	CO3
Q 11	Describe the procedures for resolving consumer complaints related to telecommunications services in India.	10	CO4

	SECTION-D		
	(2Qx25M=50 Marks)		
Q 12	Problem Scenario:		
	You are a legal advisor specializing in media and entertainment law, working for a prominent law firm in India. Your client, a cable television network operator named "VisionCable," has approached you for legal assistance in addressing a complex regulatory issue related to the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995 (CTN Act).		
	VisionCable operates a cable television network that provides a diverse range of channels and programming to subscribers across multiple cities in India. Recently, the company received a notice from the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) alleging violations of various provisions of the CTN Act.	15+10=25	CO4
	Answer the following questions:		
	a. The CTN Act imposes several obligations on cable television network operators, including obtaining licenses, adhering to content regulations, and ensuring quality standards. What are the regulatory requirements under the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995 that cable operators like VisionCable have to comply with?		
	b. TRAI has raised concerns about the content aired on VisionCable's channels, alleging violations of the content code prescribed under the CTN Act. Evaluate the programming content acceptable under the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995 and rules made thereunder.		
Q 13	Based on the problem scenario of the previous question answer the following questions:		
	a. VisionCable has been accused of engaging in unfair business practices related to subscriber management, including unauthorized bundling of channels, opaque billing practices, and inadequate provision of subscriber information. Examine the consumer protection provisions of the CTN Act and TRAI's regulations on tariff orders and subscription packages.	15+10=25	CO4

	b. Conduct a comprehensive review of the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995, and the regulations issued by TRAI pertaining to cable television services in India.		
--	---	--	--