Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## UPES

OT ED					
	End Semester Examination, May 2024				
Course: Instrumentation & Control Semester: IV					
Program	Time	: 03 hrs.			
Course Code: ECEG-2041			Max. Marks: 100		
Instruc	tions: Attempt all the sections.				
SECTION A					
	(5Qx4M=20Marks)				
S. No.	Attempt all the questions.	Marks	СО		
Q 1	Briefly define:				
	(a) Observational error				
	(b) Gross Error	4	CO1		
	(c) Sensitivity				
	(d) Hysteresis				
Q2	Describe with the help of neat diagram the mechanical devices used as primary detectors.	4	CO2		
Q3	Analyze the mathematical modelling of translational and rotational				
	mechanical systems.	4	CO2		
Q4	Analyze the (i) settling time (ii) steady state error for transient response	4	CO2		
	of second order control system.	-	02		
Q5	What is significance of the controllability and observability of the	4	CO1		
	system in control system applications.	-	001		
	SECTION B				
	(4Qx10M= 40 Marks)				
Q 6	Attempt both parts(A) Write mathematical analysis when force is applied to deform the original positions of (a) Cantilever (b) Helical Spring.	8+2	CO1		
	<ul><li>(B) A meter reads 143.60V and the true value of the voltage is 143.52V. Determine (a) static error (b) static correction for this instrument.</li></ul>				
Q7	Attempt both parts				
	<ul> <li>(A) Analyze the working principle of thermistors for temperature measurement. Give the applications, where the thermistors are used as well as the range of temperature measurement.</li> <li>(B) A platinum thermometer has a resistance of 100Ω at 25°C. (i)</li> </ul>	4+6	CO2		

	Find its resistance at 65°C if the platinum has a resistance		
	temperature co-efficient of 0.00392/°C. (ii) if the thermometer		
	has a resistance of $150\Omega$ , calculate the temperature.		
Q8	Draw the signal flow graph for a control system whose block diagram		
	representation is given in Fig. (1), and determine C/R using Mason's $C = \frac{1}{2}$		
	Gain formulae.		
		10	~~~
	$\xrightarrow{\mathbf{K}} [G_1] \xrightarrow{+} (X) \xrightarrow{+} [G_2] \xrightarrow{+}$	10	CO3
	(1) Fig.		
09	(1)		
X-	Obtain the state transition matrix (STM) in the form of $e^{-1}$ and		
	determine the time response for the system $\overset{o}{X} = Ax$		
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$		
	Where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 1$		
	[-2, 1] and	10	CO5
	OR		
	Apply cascade decomposing method to obtain state space		
	representation of the transfer function given as,		
	$G(s) = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{2}$		
	$(s+3)(s^2+2s+5)$		
	SECTION-C		
	(2Qx20M=40 Marks)		
Q 10	Attempt both the parts		
	(A) A closed loop control system is shown in Fig. $(2)$ as,		
	$\xrightarrow{\mathbf{R}(\mathbf{s})} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{K}} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{C}(\mathbf{s})} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{K}}$		
	0.2		
		15.5	<b>CO4</b>
	Fig. (3) The system is to have a domning ratio of $0.7$ . Determine the value of $V$	15+5	
	to satisfy this condition and calculate the settling time neak time and		
	maximum overshoot for the value of K thus determined.		
	(B) A closed loop control system has the characteristics equation		
	given as, $S^3 + 4.5S^2 + 3.5S + 1.5 = 0$ Investigate the stability using		
	Routh-Hurwitz Criterion		

Q11 Check the controllability and observability of a system having  
following coefficient matrix.  
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } D = 0$$
  
**OR**  
Determine the transfer matrix for the system given below and draw the  
block diagram.  
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$
  
and  $y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix}$ , 'A constant is a constant of the system given below and draw the block diagram.  
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$
  
and  $y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix}$ , 'A constant of the system given below and draw the block diagram.