N	am	Δ.
1.4	am	c.

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, May 2024

Course: Food hygiene Semester: IV
Program: B.Tech Food Technology
Course Code: HSFT2006

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: All Questions are compulsory.

S. No.	Section A	Marks	COs
	Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F		
	(20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)		
Q 1	Which of the following options would help to reduce the risk of contamination?	1.5	
	 a. Not coughing or sneezing over food b. Not touching your hair while preparing food c. Removing loose Jewellery before preparing food. d. All of the above 		CO1
Q 2	Food should be rotated using the "First in, first out" system to ensure that:	1.5	
	 a. The most in-date food is used first. b. There is less chance for out-of-date food being used. c. The growth of bacteria and contamination is reduced. d. Food wastage is reduced 		CO1
Q 3	Proper hand hygiene – washing with soap and water for at least. a. 10-20 seconds b. 20-30 seconds c. 30-40 seconds d. 40-60 seconds	1.5	CO4
Q 4	What we have to do for Good respiratory hygiene?	1.5	CO1
Q 5	Write examples of Personal Protective Equipment?	1.5	CO5
Q 6	What is the minimum alcohol in alcohol-based sanitizer?	1.5	CO1
Q 7	What is the maximum limit of Aerobic Plate Count in Chilled/frozen finfish? a. 1×10 ⁷ b. 5×10 ⁵ c. 8×10 ⁴ d. 3×10 ⁴	1.5	CO4
Q 8	What should be the maximum limit of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> of icecream? a. Less than 10 cfu/ml b. Less than 1000 cfu/ml c. Less than 500 cfu/ml	1.5	CO1

Q 9	What should be the maximum limit of <i>Listeria monocytogens</i> in	1.5	
	Processed Cheese?		
	a. Absent/g		CO4
	b. Absent/25g		
	c. Absent/100g		
Q 10	d. Absent/10g What should be the maximum limit of <i>Salmonell</i> in Fennel?	1.5	
Q 10	a. Absent/g	1.5	
	b. Absent/25g		CO1
	c. Absent/100g		201
	d. Absent/10g		
Q 11	What is the maximum limit of Yeast and Mold count in frozen	1.5	
C	fruits?		
	a. 1×10^2		
	b. 1×10 ³		CO1
	c. 1×10 ⁴		
	d. 1×10 ¹		
Q 12	What is the maximum limit of E. coli in dried/dehydrated meat?	1.5	
	a. 1×10^2		
	b. 1×10 ³		CO5
	c. 1×10 ⁴		
	d. 1×10 ¹		
Q 13	Most commonly used sanitizer consists of	1.5	CO5
	compounds.		
Q 14	Physical methods of sanitation are	1.5	CO1
	&		COI
Q 15	The soil in Food cleaning consists of	1.5	CO5
Q 16	The number of BIS standards for water is	1.5	CO5
Q 17	The acceptable limit of water pH as per BIS is	1.5	CO1
Q 18	What is the acceptable limit of colour in water as per BIS?	1.5	
	a. 5 Hazen		
	b. 25 Hazen		CO5
	c. 35 Hazen		
	d. 45 Hazen		
Q 19	What is the acceptable limit of turbidity in water as per BIS?	1.5	
	a. 5 NTU		CO1
	b. 4 NTU c. 10 NTU		COI
	c. 10 NTU d. 1 NTU		
Q 20	Total dissolved solid permissible limit in absence of alternative	1.5	
Q 20	water source?	1.5	
	a. 500 mg/l		005
	b. 1000 mg/l		CO5
	c. 2000 mg/l		
	d. 3000 mg/l		
	Section B		
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		

Q 1	What are soap and detergents? How they are important in Food		GO2	
	Hygiene?		CO3	
Q 2	Define and differentiate disinfection, sterilization and sanitation.	5	CO4	
Q 3	What is dirt? Write different types of dirt's? How dirt is important	5	CO1	
	in food hygiene?		COI	
Q 4	Differentiate between bacteriostatic and bactericidal sanitizers?	5	CO2	
	Section C		•	
	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)			
Q 1	What is drinkable water? What are the Quality requirements for	15		
	dinking water. Describe about organoleptic and physical		CO3	
	parameters for water as per BIS.			
Q 2	Why cleaning and sanitation should be carried out in a food	15		
	industry? Describe about full procedure of cleaning and		CO2	
	sanitization in a food industry?			
	Section D			
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)			
Q 1	What are pest? How they are problem in hygiene? How is pest	10	CO5	
	control carried out?		603	
Q 2	What are sanitizers? What is their function? Describe about	10	CO4	
	different types of sanitizers?		CO4	